

**TET\_IIA\_ENGLISH-TAMIL\_SESSION-2 (09.08.22)**

**APTET – Paper- IIA – 2022**

**CDP**

1. One of the following is related to physical change
  1. Growth
  2. Development
  3. Maturity
  4. Experience
  
2. Balu got good voice from his parents. In addition to this with proper training and encouragement he became a good singer. This shows the following developmental principle
  1. Development is a product of interaction
  2. Development is a continuous process
  3. Development follows an orderly sequence
  4. Development is uniform in all the stages
  
3. The father of Genetics
  1. Mendal
  2. Maslow
  3. Dalton
  4. Kohlberg

4. The following Scientist believed that Educational opportunities and school facilities influence the development of the individual
  1. J.B. Watson
  2. W.C. Bagley
  3. Gordan
  4. Freeman
  
5. Emotional catharsis mean
  1. emotional release
  2. controlling in emotional release
  3. more emotional control
  4. un controlled emotion
  
6. 'Child's mind has the ability to keep up norms of universal language and universal grammatical constructions at his birth'. Stated by
  1. Bandura
  2. Chomsky
  3. Piaget
  4. Skinner

7. According to the theory of structure of Intelligence, number of intelligence factors are
  1. 5
  2. 6
  3. 30
  4. 150
  
8. The word 'Themes' in Thematic apperception test is
  1. concept
  2. character
  3. story
  4. location
  
9. According to Guilford the following doesn't belong to nature of Creativity
  1. Fluency
  2. Flexibility
  3. Originality
  4. Accuracy
  
10. Author of 'Animal intelligence: Experimental studies'
  1. Guilford
  2. Pavlov
  3. Thorndike
  4. Herbart

11. A person who is not accepted from Majority of members in a group
  1. Isolate
  2. Star
  3. Extrovert
  4. Introvert
  
12. According to Brunner “Construction of Content” shall always be
  1. Unknown to known
  2. Whole to parts
  3. Difficult to easy
  4. Known to unknown
  
13. The following one does not belong to laws of reinforcement
  1. Fixed Interval Reinforcement
  2. Continuous Reinforcement
  3. Positive reinforcement
  4. Fixed Ration Reinforcement
  
14. Name the author who proposed ‘Theory of Hierarch Needs’
  1. MacIver
  2. Mc Clelland
  3. Atkinson
  4. Maslow

15. Identification is a mental process of deliberate 'Adoption' of another person's behaviour defined by
  1. Binet
  2. Bandura
  3. Bruner
  4. Vygotsky
  
16. Once conditioned to a stimulus, the same response occurs to any similar stimulus is called
  1. Law of Generalization
  2. Law of Discrimination
  3. Law of Extinction
  4. Law of Spontaneous recovery
  
17. According to this theory feedback and reinforcement should be provided as soon as the organism shows a response
  1. Classical Conditioning
  2. Insightful Learning
  3. Trial & Error method
  4. Operant Conditioning
  
18. Having knowledge in Sanskrit language has not effect in learning swimming is
  1. Positive Transfer
  2. Zero Transfer
  3. Bilateral Transfer
  4. Negative Transfer

19. The gradual development of innate abilities in a person with age is called
1. Practice
  2. Learning
  3. Motivation
  4. Maturity
20. The students learn through sense organs. Based on this concept they are divided into three categories by
1. Maslow
  2. Guilford
  3. Bruner
  4. Bandura
21. ENIAC (Electronic Numerical Computer), EDSAC (Electronic Delayed storage Automatic Computer) belong to
1. First Generation Computers
  2. Second Generation Computers
  3. Third Generation Computers
  4. Fourth Generation Computers

22. Learning through sense organs is
  1. Motor Learning
  2. Verbal Learning
  3. Conceptual Learning
  4. Perceptual Learning
  
23. “85% of cumulative brain development occurs before the age of six years” said by
  1. RTE - 2009
  2. NCERT
  3. NEP - 2020
  4. NCF - 2005
  
24. Number of Uniform sets given to each child in JVK kits
  1. one pair
  2. two pairs
  3. three pairs
  4. four pairs
  
25. CD rotation speed is measured in
  1. Y
  2. X
  3. Z
  4. A

26. The first school for the blind was established in Paris in the year 1784 by
1. Lal Behari Shah
  2. Sir Valentin Haüy
  3. Braille
  4. Hellen Keller
27. Most important quality of a teacher is
1. to maintain discipline
  2. to be good orator
  3. to be punctual
  4. to be a friend and guide
28. The following skills are needed for the present day teacher
1. Subject Knowledge
  2. Technical Knowledge
  3. Use of technology in teaching and learning
  4. To maintain discipline in the classroom



29. The Indian constitution Prohibits employment of children in factories under this article

1. 18
2. 19
3. 23
4. 24

30. Quarterly, Half yearly and Annual exams come under

1. Formative evaluation
2. Summative evaluation
3. Board exams
4. Competency based assessment

SA - (PAPER –II A)

TAMIL

31. “வடமொழி, எபிரேயம், கிரேக்கம் ஆகிய மூன்று உலக இலக்கிய மொழிகளிலும் தமிழ்ச்சொற்கள் கலந்திருக்கின்றன” என்று கூறியவர்
1. எமினோ
  2. டேவிஸ்
  3. மாக்ஸ் முல்லர்
  4. பெர்சிவல் பாதிரியார்
32. ‘ஏரெழுபது’ எனும் நூலை இயற்றியவர்
1. கம்பர்
  2. சேக்கிழார்
  3. இளங்கோவடிகள்
  4. புகழேந்தி
33. வீட்டுப் பயன்பாட்டிற்காகப் பொருள் வாங்குபவர்
1. தொழிலாளி
  2. முதலீட்டாளர்
  3. நுகர்வோர்
  4. நெசவாளி

34. 'அலர்' என்பதன் பொருள்
1. ஆபத்து
  2. மலர்தல்
  3. வானம்பாடி
  4. கரடி
35. 'கதிரவன்' எனப் பொருள் தரும் பலசொற்கள்
1. பகலவன், ஆதவன்
  2. இரவி, புணரி
  3. சூரியன், குவலயம்
  4. பரிதி, பரவை
36. 'நூல்' என்பதன் இருபொருள்
1. புத்தகம், ஆடையின் வண்ணம்
  2. புத்தகம், சிறப்பு
  3. புத்தகம், ஆடையின் இழை
  4. புத்தகம், வகுப்பு
37. 'முத்தமிழ்' எனும் தொகைச் சொல்லை விரித்துக் காண்க
1. மா, பலா, வாழை
  2. அறம், பொருள், இன்பம்
  3. தன்மை, முன்னிலை, படர்க்கை
  4. இயல், இசை, நாடகம்

38. 'உவகை' எனும் சொல்லிற்கு எதிர் சொல்
1. களிப்பு
  2. துன்பம்
  3. இன்பம்
  4. மகிழ்ச்சி
39. 'உள்ளம்' எனும் பொருள் தரும் சொல்
1. மணம்
  2. தனம்
  3. மனம்
  4. தணம்
40. 'இரவுபகல்' என்பது இவ்வகை இணைச் சொற்களாகும்
1. இடை இணை
  2. செறியிணை
  3. எதிரிணை
  4. நேரிணை
41. 'இந்த வேலையை முடிக்க ஒரு கை குறைகிறது' என்பது இவ்வகை ஆகுபெயராகும்
1. முதலாகு பெயர்
  2. சினையாகு பெயர்
  3. தொழிலாகு பெயர்
  4. பண்பாகு பெயர்

42. இஃது, காசு, ஆறு, நாடு – இச் சொற்களில்  
பொருந்தாத சொல்லைக் கண்டுபிடி
1. ஆறு
  2. நாடு
  3. இஃது
  4. காசு
43. 'கானல் நீர்' எனும் மரபுத் தொடருக்குப் பொருள்
1. இருப்பது போல் தோன்றும் ஆனால் இராது
  2. நீண்ட காலத்துக்குரியது
  3. கடல் நீர்
  4. மனதில் பதித்தல்
44. 'முன்பனிக் காலம்' என்பது இம்மாதங்களாகும்
1. ஆவணி, புரட்டாசி
  2. மாசி, பங்குனி
  3. ஐப்பசி, கார்த்திகை
  4. மார்கழி, தை
45. நாட்டைக் கைப்பற்ற வந்த மாற்றரசனோடு  
எதிர்த்துப் போரிடல் இவ்வகைத் திணையாகும்
1. பெருந்திணை
  2. காஞ்சித் திணை
  3. நொச்சித் திணை
  4. வாகைத் திணை

46. 'வளவன்புத்தகம் படித்தான்' என்பது இவ்வகைத் தொடராகும்

1. பிறவினைத் தொடர்
2. செய்வினைத் தொடர்
3. எதிர்மறை வினைத் தொடர்
4. செயப்பாட்டு வினைத் தொடர்

47. 'என்னே! தாஜ்மகாலின் அழகு' - என்பது இவ்வகைத் தொடராகும்

1. கட்டளைத் தொடர்
2. செயப்பாட்டு வினைத் தொடர்
3. உணர்ச்சித் தொடர்
4. பெயர்ப்பயனிலைத் தொடர்

48. 'அவன் திருக்குறள் கற்பித்தான்' என்பது இவ்வகைத் தொடராகும்

1. உணர்ச்சித் தொடர்
2. தன்வினைத் தொடர்
3. கட்டளைத் தொடர்
4. பிறவினைத் தொடர்

49. 'கல்லூரி + சாலை' என்பது இவ்வகைப்

புணர்ச்சியாகும்

1. தோன்றல் விகாரம்
2. திரிதல் விகாரம்
3. இயல்பு
4. கெடுதல் விகாரம்

50. 'பாம்பின் நிறம் ஒரு குட்டி' என்பது

இப்பொருளில் வரும்

1. நீங்கல்
2. ஏது
3. ஒப்பு
4. எல்லை

51. கீழ்க்காணும் செய்யுளைப் படித்து  
வினாவிற்கு விடை தருக.  
'கவிதை எனக்கொரு கைவாள் – மார்பில்  
கவசம் எனக்கொரு வாய்மை  
புவியில் தீமைகள் வீழ - நான்  
போர் செய்யும் ஓர் படைவீரன்'  
இப்பாடலின் வழி கவிஞர் இப்பண்பாளர்
1. குடும்ப பற்றாளர்
  2. சமூக சிந்தனையாளர்
  3. பொது நலமற்றவர்
  4. சமய சிந்தனையாளர்

52. கீழ்க்காணும் செய்யுளைப் படித்து  
வினாவிற்கு விடை தருக.  
' கவிதை எனக்கொரு கைவாள் – மார்பில்  
கவசம் எனக்கொரு வாய்மை  
புவியில் தீமைகள் வீழ - நான்  
போர் செய்யும் ஓர் படைவீரன்'  
மார்பின் கவசமாக கவிஞர் குறிப்பிடுவது
1. வாய்மை
  2. கைவாள்
  3. கவிதை
  4. தீமைகள்



53. கீழ்க்காணும் பத்தியைப் படித்து வினாவிற்கு விடை தருக.

'கல்கி அவர்களைத் தமிழ்நாட்டின் வால்டர் ஸ்காட்டு என்பர். சுவையாகக் கதையை வருணித்துச் செல்வதில் இவருக்கு நிகர் இவரே. தமிழ்நாட்டில் தொடர்கதை படிக்கும் ஆர்வத்தினையும் வேகத்தினையும் ஊட்டியவர் இவரே ஆவார். இவர் இயற்றிய கள்வனின் காதலி, தியாக பூமி, பார்த்திபன் கனவு, சிவகாமியின் சபதம், பொன்னியின் செல்வன் போன்றவை வரலாற்று புதினங்களாகும். இவரின் 'அலையோசை' என்ற புதினம் சாகித்திய அகாடெமியின் பரிசு பெற்றது.

'வால்டர் ஸ்காட்டு' என்ற பெருமையை பெற்றவர்

1. கு.ப. ராஜகோபாலன்
2. மு.வ.
3. புதுமைப்பித்தன்
4. கல்கி

54. கீழ்க்காணும் பத்தியைப் படித்து வினாவிற்கு விடை தருக.

'கல்கி அவர்களைத் தமிழ்நாட்டின் வால்டர் ஸ்காட்டு என்பர். சுவையாகக் கதையை வருணித்துச் செல்வதில் இவருக்கு நிகர் இவரே. தமிழ்நாட்டில் தொடர்கதை படிக்கும் ஆர்வத்தினையும் வேகத்தினையும் ஊட்டியவர் இவரே ஆவார். இவர் இயற்றிய கள்வனின் காதலி, தியாக பூமி, பார்த்திபன் கனவு, சிவகாமியின் சபதம், பொன்னியின் செல்வன் போன்றவை வரலாற்று புதினங்களாகும். இவரின் 'அலையோசை' என்ற புதினம் சாகித்திய அகாதெமியின் பரிசு பெற்றது. சாகித்திய அகாதெமியின் பரிசு பெற்ற புதினம்

1. சிவகாமியின் சபதம்
2. தியாக பூமி
3. அலையோசை
4. பார்த்திபன் கனவு

55. வஞ்சிப்பாவின் ஓசை

1. அகவல்
2. துள்ளல்
3. செப்பல்
4. தூங்கல்

56. தீயினால் சுட்டபுண் உள்ளாறும் ஆறாதே  
நாவினால் சுட்ட வடு.

- இச் செய்யுளில் பயின்றுவரும் அணி

1. வேற்றுமை அணி
2. இரட்டுற மொழிதலணி
3. உவமையணி
4. எடுத்துக்காட்டு உவமையணி

57. 'உவமையை மட்டும் கூறி, அதன் மூலம்  
கூறவந்த கருத்தை உணர வைப்பது'  
இவ்வணியாகும்

1. தன்மை அணி
2. பிறிது மொழிதலணி
3. உருவக அணி
4. தீவக அணி

58. 'பொன்னைப் பறி எனல்' இவ்வகைத் தகுதி  
வழக்காகும்
1. மங்கலம்
  2. இடக்கரடக்கல்
  3. குழுஉக் குறி
  4. மரூஉ
59. 'முறுக்கு மீசை வந்தார்' என்பது இவ்வகைத்  
தொகையாகும்
1. உம்மைத் தொகை
  2. அன்மொழித் தொகை
  3. பண்புத் தொகை
  4. வினைத் தொகை
60. 'கூத்துக் கலைஞர் பாடத் தொடங்கியதால்  
கூடியிருந்த மக்கள் அமைதியாயினர்' - என்பது  
இவ்வகைத் தொடராகும்
1. தனிநிலைத் தொடர்
  2. தொடர் நிலைத் தொடர்
  3. நேர்க் கூற்றுத் தொடர்
  4. கலவைத் தொடர்

## English Paper – IIA

61. This morning I visited my old friend. I felt overjoyed.  
I remembered my moments with him.  
The above sentence can be a part of
1. a complaint letter.
  2. a news report.
  3. an essay.
  4. a diary entry.
62. Don't sleep.  
Choose the passive voice for the sentence.
1. You ordered not to sleep.
  2. You ordered to not sleep.
  3. You are instructed not to sleep.
  4. You are requested not to sleep.
63. Choose the grammatically correct question.
1. Does the rainbow appear in the sky?
  2. Do the rainbow appear in the sky?
  3. Do the rainbow appears in the sky?
  4. Does the rainbow appears in the sky?
64. Choose the expression that we use to give a negative reply in a polite way.
1. Thank you.
  2. No, thanks.
  3. Yes, please.
  4. You're welcome.

65. Choose the article which is used before superlative adjectives.

1. a
2. an
3. the
4. None

66. We haven't had our dinner yet, \_\_\_\_\_  
Choose the correct question tag of the sentence.

1. have we?
2. had we?
3. haven't we?
4. didn't we?

67. Choose the correct prefix to get the opposite word for 'use'.

1. ir
2. mis
3. im
4. il

68. Choose the word you find between these guide words.  
sceptic-scientist

1. scripture
2. scowl
3. schedule
4. scandal

69. Choose the correct spelling of the word.
1. militaristic
  2. militerstic
  3. militarestic
  4. militiristic
70. Choose the word that can begin with a capital letter.
1. bike
  2. boy
  3. birthday
  4. bobby
71. It scooted into the sugarcane field.  
Choose the synonym of the word 'scooted'.
1. crawled
  2. crept
  3. rushed
  4. poked
72. You can also visit Mylavaram Dam nearby and do some boating in the serene waters of the reservoir.  
Choose the antonym of the word 'serene'.
1. placid
  2. agitated
  3. lush
  4. gloomy

73. The teacher said, 'You may go now.'  
Choose the indirect speech of the sentence.
1. The teacher told me that he might go now.
  2. The teacher requested me to go then.
  3. The teacher permitted me to go then.
  4. The teacher said that you may go now.
74. Shakespeare is \_\_\_\_\_ dramatist.  
Choose the expression that fits the blank.
1. greater than most other
  2. greater than all other
  3. the greatest
  4. so great as than that
75. Since the eruption \_\_\_\_\_, all the villages on the slopes of the volcano have been evacuated.  
Choose the verb that fits the blank.
1. has been starting
  2. started
  3. has to start
  4. was starting
76. So far this week there \_\_\_\_\_ three burglaries in our street.  
Choose the best possible verb that fits the blank.
1. will be being
  2. has been
  3. have been
  4. is



77. He came from America.

The meaning of 'came from' is

1. originated from.
2. thought well.
3. destroyed.
4. arrived at.

78. The man who is standing next to Percy is my brother.

Choose the simple sentence of the above.

1. My brother and Percy are standing next to the man.
2. My brother is Percy and she is next to me.
3. The man standing next to Percy is my brother.
4. Percy is my brother standing next to me.

79. My brother was \_\_\_\_\_ for the new jobs in the company.

Choose the option that fits the blank.

1. over the year
2. between the two chairs
3. among the successful applicants
4. until the last of him

80. I pushed the button \_\_\_\_\_ the door, but there was no answer.

Choose the word that does not fit the blank.

1. beside
2. by
3. next to
4. among

81. Both the siblings were mentally unstable \_\_\_\_\_ their disturbed childhood.

Choose the correct expression that fits the blank.

1. on account of
2. seeing that
3. on the top
4. moreover

82. I got stuck in the traffic, \_\_\_\_\_ I missed the flight.

Choose the linker that fits the blank.

1. on the top
2. on account of
3. seeing that
4. consequently

83. Choose the grammatically correct sentence.

1. Don't ask me for money.
2. Sanjana is going to home.
3. The earth is moving round the sun.
4. I am owning a car.

84. Choose the grammatically correct sentence regarding simple future.

1. She lost her will power.
2. She will lost her power.
3. She lost power to her will.
4. She will lose her power.

85. Choose the feminine noun from the following.

1. witch
2. wizard
3. drake
4. czar

86. Choose the word that can be used as a subject.

1. them
2. our
3. myself
4. mine

87. Preethi could swim when she was five years old.

This sentence indicates

1. future possibility.
2. past ability.
3. taking permission.
4. slight possibility.

88. The players, as well as the captain, \_\_\_\_\_ to win.

Choose the word that fits the blank.

1. wanting
2. want
3. wants
4. was wanted

89. Read the following passage.

If the proteins are inadequate in children's diet for a long time, it causes a disease called Kwashiorkor. If the proteins and carbohydrates are not taken adequately for a long time, it causes Marasmus disease. If we take food containing too much fats daily, it leads to obesity.

'Obesity' means

1. having many diseases.
2. having overweight.
3. having no proteins in food.
4. taking food without fats.

90. Read the following passage.

If the proteins are inadequate in children's diet for a long time, it causes a disease called Kwashiorkor. If the proteins and carbohydrates are not taken adequately for a long time, it causes Marasmus disease. If we take food containing too much fats daily, it leads to obesity.

Inadequacy of proteins and carbohydrates in food leads to

1. Marasmus.
2. Kwashiorkor.
3. Obesity.
4. Producing oils.

**APTET – Paper- IIA – 2022**

**English Language**

91. Choose the phonetic transcription of the word 'technology'.
1. /tSkna:ledgi/
  2. /Sekna:ledZi/
  3. /teknɒlEdZi/
  4. /tEknɒledZy/
92. The word 'instrumentation' has stress on the
1. first syllable.
  2. second syllable.
  3. third syllable.
  4. fourth syllable.
93. Seeing the tiger, he ran away.  
In the above sentence, 'Seeing the tiger' is
1. a main clause.
  2. a clause.
  3. a phrase.
  4. a subordinate clause.
94. The player was asked that why he had not attended the prayer.  
Choose the option that can improve the underlined part.
1. that why he has not
  2. why he had not
  3. that why had he not
  4. why that he has

95. At the railway station, bags \_\_\_\_\_ not to be unattached.  
There are thieves.

Choose the verb that fits the blank.

1. must
2. may
3. can
4. shall

96. I lost my bag. I lost my purse.

Choose the expression that can link both the sentences.

1. as soon as
2. Neither–nor
3. not only–but also
4. when–if

97. Pass me the salt, \_\_\_\_\_

Choose the correct question tag of the sentence.

1. can't you?
2. will you?
3. couldn't you?
4. isn't it?

98. The train arrived late.

Choose the structure of the sentence above.

1. subject + verb + infinitive
2. subject + verb + object
3. subject + verb + adverbial
4. subject + verb + adjective

99. Read the following passage.

In Haiti, when people make statues of Christ and Satan, they make Christ black and Satan white. Aristotle and Plato considered Greeks so innately superior to Barbarians that slavery was justified as long as the master was Greek and the slave, a Barbarian.

In Haiti, People believe that \_\_\_\_\_

1. Christ was black.
2. black was good.
3. all black men were evil.
4. all white men were evil.

100. Read the following passage.

In Haiti, when people make statues of Christ and Satan, they make Christ black and Satan white. Aristotle and Plato considered Greeks so innately superior to Barbarians that slavery was justified as long as the master was Greek and the slave, a Barbarian.

Aristotle and Plato supported slavery because they thought \_\_\_\_\_

1. Greeks to be superior to Barbarians.
2. the Barbarians were hard-working.
3. the Barbarians to be superior to Greeks.
4. the Barbarians has no other means to earn.

101. I \_\_\_\_\_ TV at seven o'clock yesterday evening.

Choose the correct form of the verb to fill in the blank.

1. was watching
2. were watching
3. are watching
4. have been watching

102. The world cup starts next week.

The above sentence indicates

1. past tense.
2. future time.
3. past perfect tense.
4. past continuous tense.

103. You must work hard. You will get first class.

Choose the simple sentence for the above sentences.

1. You must work hard to get first class.
2. You are too hard to get first class.
3. You work hard and you will get first class.
4. You will get first class on your work hard.

104. Why have you eaten it?

Choose the passive voice of this sentence.

1. Who has eaten it?
2. Why has it been eaten by you?
3. By whom was it eaten?
4. Why have you been eaten by it?

105. The last paragraph in a news report

1. consists of the publishing person's address.
2. gives the reader complete details.
3. describes where, when and what happened.
4. is concluded with a quote or a catchy phrase.



106. He did everything \_\_\_\_\_ the rules.  
Choose the preposition that fits the blank.
1. for the sake of
  2. along with
  3. according to
  4. amidst
107. Choose the punctuation mark used between sentences which are grammatically independent but closely connected in sense.
1. comma
  2. hyphen
  3. colon
  4. semicolon
108. Choose the correct alphabetical order of the following words.  
gaze, gasp, gather, gauge
1. gasp, gather, gauge, gaze
  2. gather, gaze, gasp, gauge
  3. gasp, gauge, gather, gaze
  4. gaze, gather, gauge, gasp
109. Choose the article that we use before a noun when we mean something in particular.
1. a
  2. an
  3. the
  4. No article is required.

110. Choose the sentence you use when you give something to others.

1. I'd like some orange juice, please.
2. Give him a cup of coffee.
3. Can you pass me tea, please?
4. Here you are.

111. The government appointed an 'ad hoc' committee to study the new project.

The foreign expression 'ad hoc' here means

1. a spoken exam.
2. for a specific purpose.
3. situation as it is now.
4. indefinitely.

112. Choose an example of a verb + noun collocation.

1. bright light
2. light shine
3. ray of light
4. shed light

113. Choose an appropriate prefix to the root word to complete the sentence.

The second pilot in the airplane is called a \_\_\_\_\_ pilot.

1. ex
2. co
3. en
4. de

114. Choose the correct option that indicates the contracted form of the underlined words.

How'd she reached the school before me?

1. How would
2. How did
3. How had
4. How does

115. She just won't give in.

Choose the meaning of the phrasal verb 'give in'.

1. to admit that you are defeated
2. to remove something from inside
3. to have a look at something
4. to leave something behind

116. I was no mere image cut in granite;

I was suddenly a man of 'flesh and blood'.

Choose the meaning of the idiom 'flesh and blood'.

1. go wrong
2. livelihood
3. normal human being
4. stand like a statue

117. Choose the word with wrong spelling.

1. astroturf
2. oblivious
3. envision
4. obesion

118. He became a pioneer of India's software industry and started the information technology wave.

'Pioneer' means

1. One who believes in God.
2. One who possesses many talents.
3. One who is the first to study and develop a particular area of knowledge.
4. One who is concerned about nature environment and wants to improve and protect it.

119. A player is one who doesn't whine about their play time, because a player knows it's an unacceptable crime.

Choose the synonym of the word 'whine'.

1. complain
2. applause
3. commendation
4. approval

120. The board was sitting in solemn meeting when Mr. Bumble rushed into the room.

Choose the right pair of opposite words of the word 'solemn'.

1. dignified, pensive
2. glum, assurance
3. ignorant, thoughtless
4. intensive, serious

121. Choose the part of the sentence that has a grammatical error.

Either the (A) / president or the (B) / secretary have all (C) / option to donate (D) / funds.

1. (A)
2. (B)
3. (C)
4. (D)

122. The magna carta of English Education in India is
1. the Official Language Commission.
  2. Mahatma Gandhi Survey.
  3. Woods Despatch, 1854.
  4. the three language formula.
123. In a Formative Assessment for project work, the number of marks allotted is
1. 10
  2. 15
  3. 20
  4. 5
124. 'Multilingualism' can be defined as
1. many languages have no purpose
  2. all languages have the same structures
  3. serving too many purposes
  4. linguistic diversity
125. The building is attractive.  
The underlined word works as a / an
1. subject of the sentence
  2. direct object
  3. indirect object
  4. subject complement
126. In child development, the duration, 36–60 months is called
1. sentence formation stage
  2. lisping stage
  3. single word stage
  4. gurgling stage

127. The following is used to test 'prepositions of movement'
1. Call My Bluff
  2. Hangman
  3. The Mime
  4. Where shall I Go?
128. The following helps us in learning a language.
1. the back left frontal lobe
  2. the back right frontal lobe
  3. the front right frontal lobe
  4. the front left frontal lobe
129. The first method introduced in India to teach English was
1. Total Physical Response
  2. Grammar Translation Method
  3. Monitor Method
  4. Direct Method
130. 'Duality of structure' means
1. a system can't be changed
  2. one system operates within another system
  3. structures are not permanent
  4. each language chooses its own system of speech sounds.
131. Appreciative listening is
1. enjoying the pleasure derived from listening
  2. reading a story aloud
  3. hearing irritated traffic sounds
  4. progressive listening

132. 'Redundancy' means
1. language repeats itself
  2. language is creative
  3. language is new
  4. language describes culture
133. The style of speaking or writing is called
1. hook
  2. thesis
  3. diction
  4. topic
134. The following is a productive skill
1. writing
  2. listening
  3. reading
  4. listening to an English song
135. The purpose of critical listening is
1. to provide
  2. to entertain
  3. to enjoy
  4. to judge
136. The following is the main theme of the poem 'Anecdote for Fathers'
1. old age problems
  2. obstinate feelings of a mother
  3. the gap between emotions
  4. the gap between adults and children

137. In the poem 'A Spring Morning' the hare runs in joy like

1. a fish in water
2. a cloud in the sky
3. a lily in water
4. a swan in a pool

138. The best brains assembled there.

This sentence is an example of the following figure of speech

1. Apostrophe
2. Metonymy
3. Irony
4. Synecdoche

139. In the poem, 'Home they Brought their Warrior Dead', the maidens were worried.

1. about the too much cries of the lady
2. about the lack of reaction of the lady on seeing her dead husband
3. about the wealth lost in the war
4. about the soldiers who lost lives in war

140. Camel is the ship of the desert.

Choose the figure of speech in the above line.

1. Simile
2. Metaphor
3. Pun
4. Irony



141. In his essay 'How to Live to Be 200', Leacock says that
1. one should eat good food without doubt of its chemical reactions
  2. one should eat only chemical mixed food
  3. one should not enjoy one's life
  4. one should live like a sick person
142. The poetic form that expresses the inner thoughts is called
1. limerick
  2. ode
  3. soliloquy
  4. epic
143. According to Russell, wisdom is necessary because
1. knowledge without wisdom leads to its misuse.
  2. it is easy to gain wisdom
  3. it is not out our experience
  4. it is developed in schools
144. The number of men who resigned as king of Scotland throughout the play is \_\_\_\_\_. (Macbeth)
1. 3
  2. 4
  3. 5
  4. 2
145. When the chorus speaks for the women, their motif is \_\_\_\_\_ (Murder in the Cathedral)
1. happiness to the priest.
  2. fear for Becket's inevitable death.
  3. struggles of women without God's aid.
  4. annoyance of king Henry.

146. Nambi stopped telling stories at the end because \_\_\_\_\_  
(Under the Banyan Tree)
1. he was on his death bed
  2. he grew in years
  3. he promised not to tell stories
  4. he did not want to entertain people
147. In the story 'The Happy Prince', after the prince's death \_\_\_\_\_
1. people cried
  2. he was forgotten
  3. his statue was made
  4. people became corrupt
148. "Anecdote for Fathers" consists of
1. two ballads
  2. fifteen quatrains
  3. three sonnets
  4. twenty lines
149. In the story 'The Nightingale and the Rose' in order to have a red rose the Nightingale must.
1. stain it with its blood
  2. build a red house
  3. play music in the moonlight
  4. offer a lot of money
150. The following is a great price to pay for a red rose  
(The Nightingale and the Rose)
1. jewel
  2. death
  3. gold
  4. love