1. The appropriate method to study the behaviour of animals and mental patients.
   1. Introspection method
   2. Experimental method
   3. Longitudinal method
   4. Observation method

2. The Scientist who stated that the children are born with innate language abilities.
   1. Skinner
   2. Chomsky
   3. Bandura
   4. Watson
3. Not attending to the interview assuming that I will not get the job because thousands of people are attending to the interview for only very few jobs, adopted defence mechanism here is
   1. Withdrawal
   2. Regression
   3. Reversing motive
   4. Sublimation

4. A student is able to draw pictures efficiently without any training because of his.
   1. Attitude
   2. Aptitude
   3. Interest
   4. Experience
5. According to Gardner the intelligence possessed by the sports men is.
   1. Bodily kinaesthetic intelligence
   2. Interpersonal intelligence
   3. Naturalistic intelligence
   4. Visual spacial intelligence

6. The painful emotional state created in a person as a result of contrasting desires.
   1. Conflict
   2. Stress
   3. Frustration
   4. Maladjustment
7. According to Erickson High School Children face this psycho social critical situation
   1. Industry vs Inferiority
   2. Initiative vs Guilt
   3. Role Identity vs Role confusion
   4. Intimacy vs Isolation

8. According to Thorndike this part of the brain influences mechanical intelligence by controlling motor skills of a person.
   1. Diencephalon
   2. Fore Brain
   3. Hind Brain
   4. Mid Brain
9. In the stages of Human development this stage is called as 'Adjustment stage'
1. Adulthood
2. Middle age
3. Adolescence
4. Childhood

10. The child is habituated to drink milk through feeding bottle. when offered milk in a tumbler instead of feeding bottle, first he tries his old way of drinking i.e., sucking, afterwards he picks up the new way of drinking. This cognitive process is called.
1. Accommodation
2. Assimilation
3. Organization
4. Equilibrium
11. Ramesh has to cross the river and go to neighbouring village to write exams. One day he is unable to attend the exam due to floods. The obstacle faced by Ramesh is.
   1. Social Environment obstacle
   2. Physical obstacle
   3. Physical Environment obstacle
   4. Mental obstacle

12. The play in which children do not share their play things but imitate with each other they continue their plays.
   1. Solitary play
   2. Parallel play
   3. Social play
   4. Symbolic play
13. Sumanth learnt to play cricket, now he wants to learn computer. The type of transfer of learning in this context is
1. Positive transfer
2. Negative transfer
3. Zero transfer
4. Bilateral transfer

14. Ganesh learnt a list of 25 meaningless words in 20 attempts. After one month, when he was asked to relearn the same list, he took 14 attempts to learn. Saving score of Ganesh is
1. 30%
2. 40%
3. 60%
4. 70%
15. Sumalatha doesn’t know Sanskrit, but she can recite Sanskrit slokas in Bhagavatgeetha without any mistake. The memory of Sumalatha is

1. Passive Memory
2. Rote Memory
3. Logical Memory
4. Sensory Memory

16. Direct, Indirect, alternative and self reinforcement were proposed by

1. Bandura
2. Skinner
3. Pavlov
4. Vygotsky
17. Author of the book “Animal Intelligence : Experimental Studies”

1. Thurstone
2. Skinner
3. Thorndike
4. Kohler

18. In Pavlov experiment, the dog salivated only for the sound of the bell for which it was conditioned, but not salivating to other sounds. This is because of

1. Stimulus generalization
2. Stimulus discrimination
3. Extinction
4. Higher order conditioning
19. The first Person who used teaching machines is

1. Pavlov
2. Thorndike
3. Pressey
4. Freud

20. Scaffolding means

1. Offering support
2. Prediction
3. Near
4. Making parts
21. One of the following is related to psychomotor domain

1. Imitation
2. Analysis
3. Responding
4. Valuing

22. The most appropriate meaning of learning is

1. Acquisition of skill
2. Modification of behaviour
3. Personal adjustment
4. Gathering information
23. In the order of teaching to mentally-retarded awarding points, money etc. is regarded as this type of reinforcement.

1. Social
2. Secondary
3. Primary
4. Natural

24. During Enquiry based learning, the student

1. Gives importance to product rather than process
2. Depends on teacher to get knowledge
3. Uses inquiry for learning
4. Depends on bookish to get knowledge
25. The correct statement with regard to opinions of Piaget and Bruner on teaching process is,

1. Piaget opines that there is no relation between teaching and maturity of the child
2. Bruner opines maturity of the child is most important for teaching.
3. Bruner opines that there is no relation between teaching and maturity of the child
4. There is no difference of opinion between Piaget and Bruner with regard to teaching and maturity of the child
26. According to Bartlet, the leaders who possess special competency in a particular area and can show impact on group though they have no relationship with the members of the group are called as.

1. Experts
2. Institutional leaders
3. Dominant leaders
4. Persuasive leaders

27. Right to expression belongs to this category of child rights

1. Right to participate
2. Right to Survive
3. Protection Rights
4. Right to develop
28. As per CCE the teacher responsible to teach Art and culture education is
   1. Language Teacher
   2. Mathematics Teacher
   3. Physical Education Teacher
   4. Science Teacher

CCE ರುಚಿ ಹಾಗು ಸಾಮೂಹಿಕದ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳನ್ನು ನಡೆಸಬೇಕಾದ ಕೆಳಾಂತೆ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳಿಂದ
   1. ಭಾಷಾ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ
   2. ಗಣಿತ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ
   3. ಆಧ್ಯಾತ್ಮಿಕ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ
   4. ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ

29. The following is not the concept of NCF – 2005 with regard to Languages
   1. English should have a place on par with other Indian languages
   2. Home language is not required
   3. Preparation of subject wise dictionaries lessens the burden of students.
   4. Language is a source for enriching the social life.

'ಆಂಗಿಕಾ' ಸಂ ಶಾಲಿ ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಸಂ ಶಾಲಿ ಲಿಫ್ಟ್ ವಿಧಾನ-2005 ರೂಪ ನಾಮ ಅಧ್ಯಾಯ
   1. ಪರ್ವತ ಭಾಷೆಗಳ ಜಾತಿ ಶಾಲೀಕರಣವನ್ನು ನಡೆಸಬೇಕಾದ ಕೆಳಾಂತೆ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳಿಂದ
   2. ಮಾರುತ್ತಿದೇ ಭಾಷೆ ತರುತ್ತಿದೇ
   3. ಮುಂದುವರು ಭಾಷಾ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳು ಪರ್ವತ ಶಾಲಿ, ಪರ್ವತ ಶಾಲಿಯ ಭಾಷಾ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳಿಂದ
   4. ಆಂಗಿಕಾ ಸಂ ಶಾಲಿ ಅಂತಿಮ ಹೋಸೆಂದರೆ ಪರ್ವತ ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳಿಗೆ
30. The right of Education is
1. related to Access only
2. related to Enrollment and Access only
3. related to Access, Enrollment, Quality and Equity
4. related to Access, Enrollment and Quality only.

‘ಅಧ್ಯಯನ ಅಮಾತ್ಯ’ ಅನುಭವಿಸಿಕೊಂಡರು
1. ಅಧ್ಯಯನ ಅಮಾತ್ಯವನ್ನು ಸೇರಿಸಿಕೊಂಡರು
2. ಅಧ್ಯಯನದ ಆರಂಭದಲ್ಲಿ ಅಧ್ಯಯನವನ್ನು ಸೇರಿಸಿಕೊಂಡರು
3. ಅಧ್ಯಯನ, ಅಧ್ಯಯನದ ಆರಂಭದಲ್ಲಿ ಅಧ್ಯಯನವನ್ನು ಸೇರಿಸಿಕೊಂಡರು
4. ಅಧ್ಯಯನ, ಅಧ್ಯಯನದ ಆರಂಭದಲ್ಲಿ ಅಧ್ಯಯನವನ್ನು ಸೇರಿಸಿಕೊಂಡರು
[31–32] – ಬಾಡಿಗಳ ಅನುಕರಣ ಬಂಡು (31, 32) ಲಕ್ಷ್ಣಗಳು ಅನುಕರಣ

ಅಭಿಪ್ರಾಯಗಳು, ವಿಷಯವೇಳೆಯಾಗಿ ವಿವರಿಸಿದರೆ,
ಅಭಿಪ್ರಾಯಗಳು ವಿಷಯಕ್ಕೆ ಹಿಂದಿರುವಾಗಿ,
ಅಭಿಪ್ರಾಯಗಳು ವಿಷಯಕ್ಕೆ ಒದಗಿಸಬಹುದು.
ಅಭಿಪ್ರಾಯಗಳು ವಿಷಯಕ್ಕೆ ಬೆಂಬಳುತ್ತದೆ.

31. ಅಭಿಪ್ರಾಯಗಳು ವಿಷಯಕ್ಕೆ ಬಂಡು
1. ಅಭಿಪ್ರಾಯಗಳು
2. ವಿಷಯವೇಳೆಯಾಗಿ ವಿವರಿಸಿದರೆ,
3. ವಿಷಯಕ್ಕೆ ಹಿಂದಿರುವಾಗಿ,
4. ವಿಷಯಕ್ಕೆ ಒದಗಿಸಬಹುದು.

32. ‘ಹೆಂಚು ಬಂಡು’ ಎಂದರೆ ಅನುಕರ್ಣಕ್ಕೆ ಅನುಗುಣವಾಗಿ ಮಾಡಬಹುದು ತನ್ನುದ್ದೇಶದಾಗಲು,
1. ಹೆಂಚು ಬಂಡು
2. ಹೆಂಚು ಬಂಡು
3. ಹೆಂಚು ಬಂಡು
4. ಹೆಂಚು ಬಂಡು
33. 두려움

1. 혼란
2. 외면
3. 비난
4. 번역

34. 두려움에서 벗어나기 위한 방법

1. 대처
2. 외면
3. 비난
4. 번역

35. '사로잡혀 있다'로 바라두는 방법

1. 대처
2. 외면
3. 비난
4. 번역
36. ‘ಅಳುವು’ ಜನರ ಜನಿಸುವ ವಿಧಾನ
1. ಅಧಿಕೃತಿಗೊಂಡಿರುವ ಸಂವದ್ರತೆ
2. ಸಂಟೇರಿಸಿಕೊಂಡಿರುವ ಸಂವದ್ರತೆ
3. ತೇಣಿರಿಗೊಂಡಿರುವ ಸಂವದ್ರತೆ
4. ತುಳುಪುಟ್ಟಿಕೊಂಡಿರುವ ಸಂವದ್ರತೆ

37. ಸಹಿಷ್ಣು ಆಡಿದ ಹುಸಿರಿ ಸರಳವಾಗಿತ್ತು ಪುಂಡಿಯಲ್ಲಿ
1. ಸರಳಿತ
2. ಸಂಖ್ಯೆತ
3. ಅಷ್ಟು – ಅಷ್ಟು ತಂತ್ರ
4. ಪರಿಣಾಮ

38. ‘ಅಳುವು’ ಜನರ ಜನಿಸುವ ವಿಧಾನ ಮತ್ತು ಮಾಹಿತಿ
1. ತುಳುಪುಟ್ಟಿಗೊಂಡಿರುವ ಸಂವದ್ರತೆ
2. ಸಂಶಯಿತ
3. ಅಷ್ಟುಕೊಂಡಿರುವ ಸಂವದ್ರತೆ
4. ಸಂಖ್ಯೆತ

39. ಸಂಶಯಸ್ಥಾನ ಹುಸಿರು ಹುಸಿರು ಕಳವಿತೊಂದಿರುವ ಅಂದಿ
1. ಸಂಶಯವಿನ ಸಂಶಯಸ್ಥಾನ
2. ಸಂಶಯಸ್ಥಾನವನ್ನು ಬಲಿಸಿಕೊಂಡಿರುವ ಸಂಶಯವಿನ ಸಂಶಯಸ್ಥಾನ
3. ಸಂಶಯಸ್ಥಾನವಿನ ಸಂಶಯಸ್ಥಾನ
4. ಸಂಶಯಸ್ಥಾನವಿನ ಸಂಶಯಸ್ಥಾನ
40. ನಾನೂ ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ ವಿಭಾಗದ ಕಚೇತವಾದರು ಪ್ರಧಾನ‌

1. ಪ್ರಧಾನ‌
2. ಮಧ್ಯಮ‌
3. ಕ್ರಮ‌
4. ಕೇಂದ್ರ‌

41. ‘ಸಾಧ್ಯತೆ ಜೀವವಿ’ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳ ಸುತ್ತೆಂದರೆ ನಂತರ ಸಂಭವನದರೂ

1. ನಿಯಮಿತ‌
2. ಮಾನಸಿಕ‌
3. ಸಂರಕ್ಷಣ‌
4. ಪ್ರೆಸ್‌

42. ‘ಸಾಧ್ಯತೆ ಜೀವವಿ’ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಯದ ಸುತ್ತೆ

1. ಸಂಕಲ್ಪ‌
2. ಪ್ರಮುಖ‌
3. ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ‌
4. ಪ್ರಕಾಶ‌

43. ಸಿದ್ಧಾಂತದ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಗಳ ಪ್ರಕಾಶ‌

1. ಪ್ರಕಾಶ‌
2. ಪ್ರಕಾಶ‌
3. ಪ್ರಕಾಶ‌
4. ಪ್ರಕಾಶ‌
44. ಪ್ರಿಂಸೆಲ್ ಅರುಂಧತಿ ಕಾಯ್ದಿ. ಸರ್ವಾಧಿಕೃತ ಸುತ್ತಲು ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿ
1. ಅರುಣ್ಣ್ ಬಾಬುನ್ನಿಗಳಿವೆ ಪ್ರಿಂಸೆಲ್
2. ಪ್ರಿಂಸೆಲ್ ಅರುಣ್ಣ್ ಬಾಬುನ್ನಿಗಳಿವೆ
3. ಅರುಣ್ಣ್ ಪ್ರಿಂಸೆಲ್ ಅರುಣ್ಣ್
4. ಅರುಣ್ಣ್ ಪ್ರಿಂಸೆಲ್ ಅರುಣ್ಣ್

45. ಸಂಗೀತದ ಕಥಾದ ರೂಪದ ರೂಪದ ಕಥಾದ ಅರ್ಥವನ್ನು ಸೂಚಿಸುವ ಸತ್ತುವಿನ ಮೂಲ ಕಥಾದ ಅರ್ಥವನ್ನು ಗುರ್ಭಿಸುವ ಕಥಾದ ಅರ್ಥವನ್ನು ಕಂಡುಹಾಕಿ ಸೂಚಿಸಿದ ಸತ್ತುವಿನ ಕಥಾದ ಅರ್ಥವನ್ನು
1. ಮಾತ್ರವೇ ಅರುಣ್ಣ್
2. ಸೂರ್ಯಪ್ರತಿಯೇ ಅರುಣ್ಣ್
3. ಸೂರ್ಯಪ್ರತಿಯೇ ಅರುಣ್ಣ್
4. ಸೂರ್ಯಪ್ರತಿಯೇ ಅರುಣ್ಣ್

46. ‘ಅರುಣ್ಣ್’ ಅಂದರೆ ಅರುಣ್ಣ್
1. ಸರ್ಕಾರ
2. ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ
3. ಬಾಲವರ
4. ಪ್ರತಿ

47. ‘ಪ್ರಿಂಸೆಲ್’ ಅಂದರೆ ಪ್ರಿಂಸೆಲ್
1. ಸರ್ಕಾರ, ಪ್ರತಿ
2. ಪ್ರತಿ, ಪ್ರತಿ
3. ಪ್ರತಿ, ಪ್ರತಿ
4. ಪ್ರತಿ, ಪ್ರತಿ
48. ‘ಪರಿಚಯ’ ಎಂದೂ ಸಿದ್ಧಾ ಗಳಿಸಿರು
1. ದೇಹಪಿಕೆ
2. ದೇಹಪಿಕೆ
3. ಸಿದ್ಧಾ ಗಳಿಸಿರು
4. ಸಿದ್ಧಾ ಗಳಿಸಿರು

49. ‘ಪರಿಚಯ’ ಎಂದೂ ಸಿದ್ಧಾ ಗಳಿಸಿರು
1. ಸಿದ್ಧಾ ಗಳಿಸಿರು
2. ಸಿದ್ಧಾ ಗಳಿಸಿರು
3. ಸಿದ್ಧಾ ಗಳಿಸಿರು
4. ಸಿದ್ಧಾ ಗಳಿಸಿರು

50. ‘ಪರಿಚಯ’ ಎಂದೂ ಸಿದ್ಧಾ ಗಳಿಸಿರು
1. ಎಸಿದ್ಧಾ ಗಳಿಸಿರು
2. ಎಸಿದ್ಧಾ ಗಳಿಸಿರು
3. ಎಸಿದ್ಧಾ ಗಳಿಸಿರು
4. ಎಸಿದ್ಧಾ ಗಳಿಸಿರು

51. ಅವರು ವರ್ಣಿಸಿದ್ದುಂಟು, ಯಾವತ್ತಿರು
1. ವರ್ಣಿಸಿದ್ದುಂಟು
2. ವರ್ಣಿಸಿದ್ದುಂಟು
3. ವರ್ಣಿಸಿದ್ದುಂಟು
4. ವರ್ಣಿಸಿದ್ದುಂಟು
52. ಶುದ್ದಗಳು ದೃಢಾತ್ಮಕವಾಗಿ ಸ್ವಾರ್ಥವಿದ್ದು
1. ಶುದ್ದಗಳು
2. ದೃಢಾತ್ಮಕ
3. ಸ್ವಾರ್ಥ
4. ಮನೋರಂಭ

53. ಶುದ್ದಗಳು ದೃಢಾತ್ಮಕವಾಗಿ ಸ್ವಾರ್ಥದಿಂದ ಸಾಧನವಿದ್ದು
1. ಶುದ್ದಗಳು
2. ದೃಢಾತ್ಮಕ
3. ಸ್ವಾರ್ಥ
4. ಮನೋರಂಭ

54. 'UU-' ಅಂಶಗಳ ಸಾಧ್ಯತೆಗೆ
1. ಹಂತೆ
2. ಹಂತೆಗಳು
3. ಹಂತೆಗಳು
4. ಹಂತೆಗಳು

55. ಮಹಾಬೋದಿ 'ದೇವಸಾಮರ್ಥ್ಯಗಳನ್ನು ಮಾರುತ್ತಿರುವ ಶ್ರೀಮಂತರ ಶ್ರೀಮಂತರ ಹೊಂದುವಿಕೆ' ಇತರ ಮಹಾರೂಪಗಳಿಗೆ
1. ಮಹಾಬೋದಿಗಳು
2. ಮಹಾಬೋದಿಗಳು
3. ಮಹಾಬೋದಿಗಳು
4. ಮಹಾಬೋದಿಗಳು
56. പല ലോഹാവശിഷ്ടങ്ങൾ പറഞ്ഞു കൊണ്ട് വലിപ്പം വരുത്തിയിട്ടുള്ള ലോഹാവശിഷ്ടങ്ങളുടെ സ്ഥലം മാപിക്കുന്നതിനു പാലിക്കുന്ന നടപടിയും പല ലോഹാവശിഷ്ടങ്ങളുടെ സ്ഥലം മാപിക്കുന്നതിനു പാലിക്കുന്ന നടപടിയും പലാൽ രീതിയിൽ പ്രകാരം ചെയ്തു

1. ലോഹാവശിഷ്ടത്തിന്റെ സ്ഥാനത്ത് കൂടിയായി ഉപയോഗിക്കുന്നത്
2. ലോഹാവശിഷ്ടത്തിന്റെ സ്ഥാനത്ത് ഉപയോഗിക്കുന്നത്
3. ലോഹാവശിഷ്ട ഉപയോഗിക്കുന്ന കോശികളുടെ പരിണാമവും
4. ലോഹാവശിഷ്ടത്തിന് നല്ല പ്രയോജനവും

57. തമിഴ്നാട് വിജയനഗരം - 2005 പ്രാപ്തികാലം സൃഷ്ടിക്കുന്ന

1. വിജയനഗര ചിത്രം
2. ജിയോ വിജയനഗര ചിത്രം
3. ചിത്രം പ്രദർശിപ്പിക്കുന്ന
4. ചിത്രം പ്രദർശിപ്പിക്കുന്ന

58. കൃഷി അവസാനദിനത്തെത്തിയതാണ്, ഇഷ്ടിക പ്രദേശം കൊക്കിലും നിരക്കുന്നവർ മാനുവാസുക്കാണാനും നടപടിയും

1. കൃഷി/പ്രദേശ പ്രദേശം
2. ചെയ്ത പ്രദേശം
3. രണ്ടാണി പ്രദേശം
4. കൂടു പ്രദേശം
59. ಸರಿಸ್ವತ್ತಿಗೆ ಜೋಗಿ ಪರಿಸರಿನಲ್ಲಿ
1. ಸಂಗ್ರಹ
2. ಸಹಿಸಿ
3. ಸಂವಿಧಾನ
4. ಸಂದರ್ಶನ

60. ಮುಖದ ವೀಡು ಸ್ವಾತಂತ್ರ್ಯದ ಪರಿಧಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ನಾಮ್ಮ ದೃಢದಾಗಿ ಜೀವಿಸಬೇಕಾದುದು
1. ನಿತ್ಯ ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ ಜೀವಿಸಬೇಕಾದುದು
2. ಆಧುನಿಕ ಜೀವಿಸಬೇಕಾದುದು
3. ಚರ್ಚಾಕಾರ ಜೀವಿಸಬೇಕಾದುದು
4. ಮಾಸಾಂಗ ಜೀವಿಸಬೇಕಾದುದು
61. Hari made an **earth-shaking** decision.
   The synonym of 'earth-shaking' is:
   1. valuable
   2. dangerous
   3. important
   4. small

62. I finished my dinner. Then my father came.
   The above sentences can be combined as:
   1. As my father came in, I finished my dinner
   2. After my father came, I finished my dinner
   3. I finished my dinner, so my father came in
   4. My father came in after I had finished my dinner

63. This is a beautiful story, ..................
   Choose the correct question tag to complete this sentence
   1. isn't this ?
   2. isn't it ?
   3. doesn't it ?
   4. is this ?
64. The cow gives milk.
The correct 'Yes / No' question of this sentence is:

1. Is the cow gives milk?
2. Does the cow gives milk?
3. Does the cow give milk?
4. Did the cow give milk?

65. Are you studying .......... for your exams?
Choose the grammatically correct form of the word to complete the meaning of the above sentence.

1. Very serious
2. Serious
3. Seriously
4. Seriousness

66. The contracted form of 'will not' is:

1. wouldn't
2. will not ?
3. won't ?
4. ll'not ?

67. The verb form of 'pretension' is:

1. pretende
2. pretene
3. preten
4. pretend
68. If there ………. trees, there would be no life on earth
Choose the grammatically and meaningfully correct expression to fill in the blank.

1. not were
2. was not
3. were no
4. are no

69. Raman passed away on November 21, 1970.
The meaning of 'passed away' is:

1. death
2. killed
3. was killed
4. died

70. Choose the word that means 'the study of the cultures of the past'.

1. Archaeology
2. Physiology
3. Psychology
4. Geology

71. Choose the sentence that has a defining relative clause.

1. Hari, who is my friend, has won the prize.
2. Swathi, who is my daughter, has passed the exam.
3. Mohan who came from Guntur stood first.
4. She said that she was good at English.
72. 'A person who hates women' is:

1. misogynist
2. fatalist
3. monogamy
4. ambiguous

73. I do not have enough clothes for my journey.
   This sentence expresses:
   1. capacity
   2. inadequacy
   3. doubt
   4. possibility

74. He goes to .......... school regularly.
   Choose the article that fits the context

   1. a
   2. an
   3. the
   4. No article is needed.

75. Seeing the police, the thief ran away.
   This sentence is:
   1. a compound sentence
   2. a conditional sentence
   3. a simple sentence
   4. a complex sentence
76. Choose the word with wrong spelling.

1. precocious
2. moustache
3. straight
4. vulgar

77–79 – Read the following passage and choose the correct answers to the questions given after

Journalists argue over functions of a newspaper. I feel that a provincial paper's purpose is not only to present and project the news objectively and imaginatively, but to help its readers to express themselves more articulate their demands. A newspaper should reflect the community it serves warts and all. When the mirror is held to society it reveals neglect, injustice, ignorance or complacency. It should help to eradicate them. It would be pretentious to think that a newspaper can change the course of world affairs – but at the local limit, it can exert influence, it can probe, it can help get things done. The individual's voice must not be stifled. Instead, the reader should be encouraged to express their opinions, fears, hopes and their grievances on this platform.

77. The following is the purpose of a newspaper.

1. To present facts in a blunt way
2. To encourage the readers to be pretentious
3. To project news objectively and imaginatively
4. To exert influences on the individuals.

78. The readers can air their grievances:

1. by writing to their local newspaper
2. by writing to local officials
3. by supporting the local newspaper
4. by being complacent
79. Choose the false statement.
   1. Newspaper should help its readers to express themselves.
   2. Newspapers should reflect the community it serves.
   3. Newspapers should not stifle the individual's voice.
   4. Journalists never argue over the functions of a newspaper.

80. He is not good. He is not kind.
    These two sentences can be combined as:
    1. He is neither good nor kind.
    2. He is not good but kind.
    3. He is good and kind.
    4. He is either good or kind.

81. Choose the sentence that expresses ability.
    1. She can pass the examination.
    2. She will pass the examination.
    3. She may help you.
    4. She should help you.

82. I had scarcely put the phone down ............ it rang again.
    Choose the correct word to complete the meaning of the sentence above.
    1. later
    2. than
    3. when
    4. then
83. Choose the word that can be used to write an adverbial clause of condition:

1. If
2. As
3. Since
4. Because

84. Choose the correct spelling of the word.

1. rejuvenate
2. rijiivinate
3. rijuvenate
4. rejuvinate

85. 'Syllabification' means:

1. breaking a word into syllables
2. combining two syllables into one
3. removing vowel sounds from words
4. adding a consonant to every syllable

86. Choose the word that has the stress on the first syllable.

1. debate
2. downstairs
3. vibrate
4. electrical
87. The two main types of evaluation are

1. syllabus and Curriculum
2. descriptive and objective
3. deductive and inductive
4. formative and summative

88. Reinforcement is a skill that involves

1. revision and recognition
2. recalling and reordering
3. recapitulation
4. repetition, summarizing, probing questions, clarification and illustration.

89. (CLT) Communicative Language Teaching believes that

1. Language learning happens best when the atmosphere is relaxed and learner receives encouragement
2. Language learning happens when the atmosphere is rule based
3. Language learning happens best when the teacher dominates the class while teaching.
4. Language learning happens when reading is given top priority.
90. The king who commissioned scholars to translate the English Bible and write it in modern English is

1. King Herod
2. King Moses
3. King Joseph
4. King James
91. If \( \sqrt{2} = 1.4142 \) then the value of \( \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{2} - 1}{\sqrt{2} + 1}} \) is equal to

\[
\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{2} - 1}{\sqrt{2} + 1}} \approx 0.1718
\]

1. 5.8232
2. 2.4142
3. 0.4142
4. 0.1718

92. The two digit number which is square number and a also cube number is

1. 81
2. 64
3. 49
4. 27

93. In \( BA \times B3 = 57A \), \( BA \), \( B3 \) are two digit numbers and 57A is a 3 digit number then the value of \( A + B \)

\[
BA \times B3 = 57A \quad \text{BA, B3 ರೊಗುಗಳು ಹಾಗೆ 57A ರೊಗು} \quad \text{ಉಂಟು A + B}
\]

1. 2
2. 5
3. 6
4. 7
94. If cost price of 6 articles is equal to selling price of 4 articles then the percentage of gain is

6 ಸುತ್ತಿಗೆ 4 ವಿನ್ಯಾಸಗಳಿಗೆ ಸರಿಸುತ್ತಿದ್ದರೆ ಶ್ರೇಣಿಯ ಹಾಗು ಸಾಮಯಿಕ ತ್ರಿಫೆಟ್ಟು ಯುಗಾದಾರು

1. 12 \(\frac{1}{2}\) %
2. 25%
3. 50%
4. 75%

95. In what time Rs. 800 amount to Rs. 882 at 5% per annum compounded annually is

800 ದಿನದಲ್ಲಿ 882 ರೂ. ಸಾಮಯಿಕವಾಗಿ 5% ಪ್ರತಿ ಸಾಮಯಿಕ ತ್ರಿಫೆಟ್ಟು ಯುಗಾದಾರು

1. 2 year
2. 1 \(\frac{1}{2}\) year
3. 1 year
4. 1 \(\frac{1}{2}\) year
96. If the 2\textsuperscript{nd} term of an A.P is 13 and 5\textsuperscript{th} term is 25 then its 7\textsuperscript{th} term is

1. 30
2. 33
3. 37
4. 38

97. If \( \frac{1}{2} \) is a root of the equation \( x^2 + Kx - \frac{5}{4} = 0 \) then the value of K and second root respective are

1. \( \frac{1}{4} \) and 2
2. \(-2\) and \(\frac{5}{2}\)
3. 2 and \(\frac{-5}{2}\)
4. \(\frac{1}{2}\) and 2

\( x^2 + Kx - \frac{5}{4} = 0 \) रूपांतरित \( x^2 + Kx = \frac{5}{4} \) असले तर के \( \frac{1}{2} \) व दुसरे रूपांतरित \( x^2 + Kx - \frac{5}{4} = 0 \) रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपां�रित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपां�रित रूपां�रित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित रूपांतरित
98. If \( \frac{x}{y} + \frac{y}{x} = -1 \) \((x, y \neq 0)\) then the value of \(x^3 - y^3\) is

\[
\frac{x}{y} + \frac{y}{x} = -1 \quad \text{then} \quad x^3 - y^3 = ?
\]

1. 1
2. -1
3. 0
4. \(\frac{1}{2}\)

99. Let \(A = \{x \mid x \text{ is a multiple of } 3 \text{ lies between 1 and 100}\}\)
\[
B = \{x \mid x \text{ in a prime number less than 20}\}
\]
Then \(n(A) + n(B)\) is

\[
A = \{x \mid x \text{ lies between 1 and 100 and is a multiple of } 3\}
\]
\[
B = \{x \mid x \text{ is a prime number less than 20}\}
\]

\[
\text{then} \quad n(A) + n(B) = ?
\]

1. 33
2. 38
3. 40
4. 41

100. If Set ‘A’ has 64 subsets, then number of elements in Set ‘A’

\[
\text{if} \quad \text{‘A’ has 64 subsets, then} \quad \text{number of elements in ‘A’ is}\]

1. 4
2. 6
3. 8
4. 32
101. The length of the diagonals of rhombus are 16cm and 12cm. Then the length of the side of the rhombus is in cms.

1. 8
2. 9
3. 10
4. 20

102. $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle EDF$ and $\triangle ABC$ is not similar to $\triangle DEF$ which of the following is not true.

1. $BC.EF = AC.FD$
2. $AB.EF = AC.DE$
3. $BC.DE = AB.EF$
4. $BC.DE = AB.FD$
103. It is known that if \( x + y = 10 \) then \( x + y + z = 10 + z \). The Euclid’s axiom that illustrates the statement is …

1. First Axiom
2. Second Axiom
3. Third Axiom
4. Fourth Axiom

\[ x + y = 10 \text{ and } x + y + z = 10 + z \] illustrates the statement.

1. दूसरा नियम - 1
2. दूसरा नियम - 2
3. दूसरा नियम - 3
4. दूसरा नियम - 4

104. The Points A(9, 0), B(9, 6), C(−9, 6) and D(−9, 0) are the vertices of

1. Square
2. Rectangle
3. Rhombus
4. Trapezium

A(9, 0), B(9, 6), C(−9, 6) and D(−9, 0) are the vertices of

1. चौक
2. वर्ग
3. ब्यांधक
4. त्रिभुज
105. If line segment $\overline{PQ}$ intersects Y-axis and X-axis at P and Q respectively. The mid point of $\overline{PQ}$ is $(2, -5)$ then the co-ordinates of P and Q are respectively.

1. $(0, -5)$ and $(2, 0)$
2. $(2, 0)$ and $(0, -5)$
3. $(0, 4)$ and $(-10, 0)$
4. $(0, -10)$ and $(4, 0)$

106. If $x > 0$ and $y < 0$ then the point $(-x, y)$ is lies in quadrant is

1. Quadrant-I
2. Quadrant-II
3. Quadrant-III
4. Quadrant-IV

$x > 0$ ಮತ್ತು $y < 0$ ವಿರೂಪವನ್ನು $(−x, y)$ ಅಂಗದ ಸ್ಥಳವಿದ್ದು
107. The formula to find the lateral surface area of cylinder is

1. $2\pi rh$ sq. units
2. $2\pi r (h+r)$ sq. units
3. $\pi r^2h$ sq. units
4. $\pi rl$ sq. units

108. The length of the longest pole that can be placed in a room of dimensions 10m $\times$ 10m $\times$ 5m is in metres.

10$\text{m} \times 10\text{m} \times 5\text{m}$ ವಿದೇಶದ ಗೃಹದಲ್ಲಿ ಸುರುಕುಳ ಸರ್ವತ್ತದವರಿಗೆ ಜನರಿಗೆ ಜರಿಗೆ ಮಾಡಬಹುದು ಮತ್ತು ಪಕ್ಕದ ಪ್ರತ್ಯೇಕ ವಿದೇಶದ ಪದ್ವತಿ ಗೃಹದ ವಿದೇಶದ ಪದ್ವತಿ

1. 10
2. 15
3. 20
4. 25
109. The base of right angled triangle is 8 cm and hypotenuse 17 cm then its area is in sq. cms.

110. The mean of five number is 30, if one number is excluded, their mean becomes 28 then the excluded number is
111. The median of a frequency distribution is found graphically with the help of
1. Histogram
2. Frequency Curve
3. Frequency Polygon
4. Ogive Curve

112. A bag contains 3 red balls, 5 white balls and 7 black balls then the probability that a ball drawn at random will be neither red nor black is

1. \( \frac{1}{5} \)
2. \( \frac{1}{3} \)
3. \( \frac{2}{3} \)
4. \( \frac{7}{15} \)
113. If \( \tan (A + B) = \sqrt{3} \) and \( \tan (A - B) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \) (A, B are acute) then the value of \( \tan 3A \)

\[
\tan (A + B) = \sqrt{3} \quad \tan (A - B) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \quad (A, B \text{ are acute})
\]

\[\therefore \tan 3A = \text{Not defined (non-sensical result)}\]

114. A pole stands vertically on the ground. 20m long rope tied from the top of vertical pole to a nail at a point on the ground. If the angle made by the rope with ground level is \(30^\circ\) then the height of the pole in meters is

\[
\tan 30^\circ = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}
\]

\[\therefore \text{Height of the pole} = \frac{20}{\sqrt{3}} \]

\[\therefore \text{Height of the pole} = 10\sqrt{3} \]

\[\therefore \text{Height of the pole} = 10\sqrt{3} \]

\[\therefore \text{Height of the pole} = \frac{20}{\sqrt{3}} \]

1. 20
2. 10
3. \(10\sqrt{3}\)
4. \(\frac{20}{\sqrt{3}}\)
115. The author of the book “Data” is
1. Pythagoras
2. Euclid
3. Thales
4. Archimedes

116. The academic standard relating to present Mathematics Textbooks
1. Understanding
2. Application
3. Communication
4. Skill
117. Limitation in Analytic Method

1. Long Procedure
2. Logical Method
3. Develops Heuristic attitude
4. Clarity in conceptual understanding

118. The software that doesn’t useful to Mathematics teaching and learning

1. Geogebra
2. Equation Grapher
3. Mathcad
4. Chemdraw
119. The question form that does not belong to objective type
   1. Multiple choice
   2. Essay type
   3. Matching
   4. Alternative responses

120. The plan that is not an internal part of instructional planning
   1. Curriculum
   2. Annual plan
   3. Unit plan
   4. Lesson plan
121. The role of aeration in "waste water treatment plant" is to
1. change the odour
2. kill the germs
3. filter the waste material
4. break down the waste material faster

122. Solar eclipse occurs when
1. Shadow of moon falls on earth
2. Shadow of sun falls on earth
3. Shadow of moon falls on sun
4. Shadow of sun falls on moon
123. If the incident ray makes an angle of $37^\circ$ with the plane mirror, then the angle of reflection is

1. $37^\circ$
2. $53^\circ$
3. $127^\circ$
4. $0^\circ$

124. A magician during a show has placed a glass lens of refractive index 1.47 in a trough of liquid and made it to disappear. The refractive index of the liquid is

1. Equal to 1.47
2. More than 1.47
3. Less than 1.47
4. 0
125. Special design of aeroplane is to
1. Reduce static friction
2. Increase static friction
3. Reduce fluid friction
4. Increase fluid friction

126. Which of the following is a natural magnet.
1. Electromagnet
2. Alnico magnet
3. Load stone magnet
4. Neodymium magnet
127. Dry hydrogen chloride gas is not an acid, because it does not contain

1. Neutrons
2. Hydrogens
3. Hydrogen ions
4. Hydroxyl ions

128. The incorrect statement regarding to the reactivity of metals is

1. Copper is unable to displace zinc from zinc sulphate
2. Copper is unable to displace iron from iron sulphate
3. Iron is unable to displace zinc from zinc sulphate
4. Zinc is unable to displace copper from copper sulphate
129. The reaction in which a solid gets separated from the solution is
1. Neutralization reaction
2. Sublimation reaction
3. Precipitation reaction
4. Redox reaction

130. Which of the following sets of quantum numbers are not possible?
1. \( n = 1, \ l = 1, \ m_l = 0, \ m_s = + \frac{1}{2} \)
2. \( n = 1, \ l = 0, \ m_l = 0, \ m_s = + \frac{1}{2} \)
3. \( n = 2, \ l = 1, \ m_l = 1, \ m_s = + \frac{1}{2} \)
4. \( n = 2, \ l = 1, \ m_l = 0, \ m_s = + \frac{1}{2} \)

131. The incorrect pair among the following is
1. chalcogen - sulphur
2. halogen – chlorine
3. noble gas - oxygen
4. alkali metal – sodium

1. चालकोसन चुल्लर - सुल्फर
2. हलोजन - क्लोरिन
3. नोबल गैस - ऑक्सीजन
e. अल्काली अल्युम्न – सोडियम
132. The one and only method available to extract highly reactive metals from their ores is
1. auto reduction
2. smelting
3. liqation
4. electrolysis

133. A carrier woman for colour blindness marries a normal man. Their children will be…
1. 50% girls are colour blind, All boys normal
2. 50% girls are carriers, 50% boys colour blind
3. All girls are normal, All boys colour blind
4. 50% girls, 50% boys colour blind
134. The organisms with hollow bones
1. Fishes
2. Frogs
3. Birds
4. Reptiles

135. Identify the pair of plants with complete flower
1. Ipomea and Cucumber
2. Datura and Cucumber
3. Cucumber and Hibiscus
4. Hibiscus and Ipomea
136. Pick out the disease caused by Bacteria
1. Mumps
2. Malaria
3. Tuberculosis
4. polio

137. Pick out non secondary sexual character from the following
1. The organs to identify boys and girls
2. Growth of hair on chest
3. Growth of hair at the genital organs
4. Growth of breasts in women
138. In humans the equilibrium of the body is maintained by
1. Hands
2. Vestibular apparatus
3. Cochlea
4. Organ of Corti

139. The worker bee in the honey comb is
1. Fertile Male
2. Sterile Male
3. Fertile Female
4. Sterile Female
140. The low light intensity area in a fresh water lake is

1. Littoral zone  
2. Euphotic zone  
3. Profundal zone  
4. Limnetic zone

 Karnataka Kannadakaveri Kannadige kandaki ooke kannadi

1. ಲಿಟೋರಲ್ ಜೋಡಿ
2. ಎಪ್ಹೋಟಿಕ್ ಜೋಡಿ
3. ಪ್ರೌಣ್ಡಾಲ್ ಜೋಡಿ
4. ಲಿಮ್ನೆಟಿಕ್ ಜೋಡಿ
141. The correct sequence in the formation of urine.

1. Tubular re-absorption \(\rightarrow\) Glomerular filtration \(\rightarrow\) Tubular secretion \(\rightarrow\) Hypertonic Urine.

2. Tubular re-absorption \(\rightarrow\) Tubular secretion \(\rightarrow\) Glomerular filtration \(\rightarrow\) Hypertonic Urine.

3. Glomerular filtration \(\rightarrow\) Tubular re-absorption \(\rightarrow\) Tubular secretion \(\rightarrow\) Hypertonic Urine.

4. Glomerular filtration \(\rightarrow\) Tubular secretion \(\rightarrow\) Tubular re-absorption \(\rightarrow\) Hypertonic Urine.
142. The circular DNA is present in
A) Bacteria        B) Mitochondria C) Golgi        D) Plastids
1. A only
2. A and B
3. A, B and D
4. A, B and C

143. The method used to detect cancer is

1. ECG
2. MRI
3. ELISA
4. BIOPSY
144. Generally the embryosac in flowering plants will have
1. 6 cells and 6 nuclei
2. 6 cells and 7 nuclei
3. 7 cells and 7 nuclei
4. 7 cells and 8 nuclei

145. One of the following is referred to empirical knowledge
1. Concepts
2. Principles
3. Theories
4. Facts
146. The more concrete experience than a demonstration is
1. Radio recording
2. Television
3. Study tours
4. Motionless films

147. One of the following is a self observation technique
1. Rating scales
2. Interviews
3. Check lists
4. Records
148. Study of Biological Sciences develop knowledge and curiosity and stimulates search for truth. The value inculcated through this is

1. Intellectual value
2. Moral value
3. Aesthetic value
4. Cultural value

149. One of the following is not the purpose of lesson plan

1. Teaching proceeds in systematic manner
2. Time is not wasted
3. Enhances self confidence of teacher
4. Teaching proceeds haphazardly
150. Development of behavioral competencies through a group of experiences is

1. Core curriculum
2. Annual plan
3. Lesson plan
4. Unit plan

ಇಕ್ಷಾರೀತಿಯಾದ ಕಾನ್ನಡ ಶಾಖೆಯ ಅಭಿವೃದ್ಧಿ ಸಂಸಾರ ಸಂಸ್ಥಾನಗಳ ಸಂದರ್ಭದಲ್ಲಿ

1. ಮುಖ್ಯ ಜೊತೆಗೆ
2. ಹೊಸ ಸಂಗ್ರಹ
3. ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯಗಳು
4. ವಿಭಜನೆ ಸಂಗ್ರಹ