1. Moral stage of a child who is drinking milk out of fear that his mother will scold him if he didn’t drink milk.

1. 1st stage - pre conventional level
2. 2nd stage - pre conventional level
3. 3rd stage - conventional level
4. 4th stage - conventional level
2. Ramya wants to opt for Sanskrit subject in Inter but fears that whether she will be able to study as the language is unknown – The conflict here is
   1. Avoidance - Avoidance
   2. Approach - Avoidance
   3. Dual Approach - Avoidance
   4. Approach - Approach

3. The cognitive process in which the child adjusts himself to the environment is
   1. Assimilation
   2. Organization
   3. Accommodation
   4. Equilibrium
4. “Every person has some specialties by nature accordingly teaching should be done” – This is the quotation of
1. Rousseau
2. Bloom
3. Aristotle
4. Plato

5. People with this type of intelligence are called ‘self smart’
1. Interpersonal intelligence
2. Naturalistic intelligence
3. Verbal language intelligence
4. Intrapersonal intelligence
6. This stage is called as ‘Gang Stage’ in child development
   1. Late childhood stage
   2. Early childhood stage
   3. Pubescent stage
   4. Early Adolescent stage

7. The first scientific book on Individual differences in
   1. Enquiry into human faculty and its development
   2. Emilee
   3. Mental test and measurement
   4. My experiments with truth
Infant first keeps his head straight, then sits with his waist straight, then walks keeping his legs straight – The developmental principle involved in the process.

1. Development proceeds from general to specific direction
2. Development proceeds continuously
3. Development proceeds in definite direction
4. Development is cumulative

A person knowing what am I and what type of person I am – is called his

1. Self recognition
2. Self esteem
3. Self concept
4. Self control
10. The boy wanted to participate in the running competition but he got his ankle sprained. Obstacle faced by the boy is

1. Physical environment
2. Mental
3. Social environment
4. Physical

11. The approach used to study childhood development up to the age of 10 years by selecting 5 years old children

1. Longitudinal approach
2. Cross Sectional approach
3. Eclectic approach
4. Cross Cultural approach
12. The defense mechanism adopted by Sagar, who failed in love, earning fame as a poet by writing poems on his lover is -
1. Regression
2. Sublimation
3. Displacement
4. Projection

13. Nisanth learnt Mathematics. Now he wants to learn Economics. Then the transfer of learning will be
1. Positive transfer
2. Negative transfer
3. Zero transfer
4. Bilateral transfer
14. If present learning impairs the recall of previous learning, it is
1. Proactive learning
2. Retroactive inhibition
3. Repression
4. Deja vu

15. One student learnt Newton's laws of motion by doing experiments and kept in his memory. Here the type of memory is:
1. Active memory
2. Passive memory
3. Sensory memory
4. Rote memory
16. The concept of Zone of Proximal Development (ZPD) was mentioned in his theory by
1. Chomsky
2. Pearson
3. Vygotsky
4. Kohlberg

17. One of the following is not a Physical need
1. air
2. sleep
3. food
4. house
18. The following is a German word
1. Movere
2. Persona
3. Gestalt
4. Emovere

19. Madhu learnt the Hindi poem in 40 minutes. After 2 months, when he was asked to relearn, he took 20 minutes to learn. Madhu saving score is
1. 40%
2. 30%
3. 50%
4. 20%
20. One of the following is different from associative theories of learning

1. Trial and Error theory
2. Classical Conditioning theory
3. Operant Conditioning theory
4. Learning by insight theory

21. The principle of extinction is mentioned in his learning theory by

1. Pavlov
2. Skinner
3. Bandura
4. Drever
22. The psychological aspect of learner which affects learning.
   1. Motivation
   2. Maturation
   3. Age
   4. Physical health

23. Segregation is the Educational programme for
   1. Learning Disabled children
   2. Hearing Impaired children
   3. Mentally Retarded children
   4. Gifted children
24. First step in collaborative learning approach
   1. Forming of small groups
   2. Reaching the goal
   3. Identification of problem
   4. Assessment

25. This method is not in the instructional order of providing content in Bruner's theory
   1. Lecture method
   2. Enactive method
   3. Symbolic method
   4. Iconic method
26. Right of participation in Games and sports cultural activities belongs to this category of child Rights.
1. Right to survive
2. Right to participate
3. Protection rights
4. Right to develop

27. According to Edgardale cone of experience the most concrete experience among the following.
1. Dramatised experiences
2. Field trips
3. Television educational programs
4. Radio Recording, Still pictures

Foundation of concrete (concrete) temperature
1. Field trips
2. Television educational programs
3. Radio Recording, Still pictures
4. Dramatised experiences
28. The main aim of ‘Application’ in Herbartian steps of lesson plan
1. Testing previous knowledge of the students
2. Preparing the students
3. Linking concepts to life
4. Introducing subject concepts

29. The teacher responsible for teaching of value education, life skills education under continuous comprehensive evaluation.
1. Science teacher
2. Mathematics teacher
3. Language teacher
4. Physical Education teacher
The following is not the concept of NCF-2005 about Mathematics

1. Mathematics should be made base for the World of work.
2. Mathematisation is to be the prime aim.
3. Environmental awareness should be the part of curriculum.
4. Natural environment is not necessary in Mathematics
31. شاعرِ الدلالة سے کہ کی شفاعت کا غلبہ گیا ہے
1. دختر ابراهیم عليه السلام کا
2. دختر مصیب اللہ علیہ وسلم
3. دختر خسرو ملکی الحسام
4. دختر موسی ملکی الحسام

32. صداقت کے معنی ہیں
1. ترت
2. کہت
3. سپالی
4. اپنالی
انسان توافد قدرت کے مختلف ممالک میں اپنی پہچان اٹھاتا ہے، دوچاریاں جسے خوشوری کو میا نازی کر سکتا ہے کو جب چیزیں اور معاوہون کی ضرورت ہوئی تو اس میں متعدد خصوصی عوامل کی سرکار رہی ہوئی اور نہیں رہی ہوئی اس کی یہ تاریخ کا درجہ کی طرف نہ چڑھا چکا ہے کیوں کہ اور نہیں چڑھا چکا ہے کیوں کہ اس کا نام کیسے بتایا گیا ہے?

33. کوئی چیزی اور معاوہون کی ضرورت ہوئی ہے
   1. کمزور
   2. خوبور
   3. انسان
   4. پتادوں

34. اور نہیں رہی ہوئی اور نہیں رہی ہوئی اور نہیں رہی ہوئی اور نہیں رہی ہوئی اور نہیں رہی ہوئی
   1. حاضر
   2. چال
   3. مشخص
   4. غیر موجود
35. خواص الطائف حسن مين علی کا مقام ودانت بہ
1. جمارازاد
2. یا نیتر
3. پنئت
4. لادور

36. "دار الکی فرود" بنا مهر بن جعفر کی بہ، یو مختوم کافی بہ اک کوکا دلے شاہریاں
1. اسکیل پیر شجی
2. خشیت پاجنگ جری
3. الطاف حسن سالی
4. شاہریاہ

37. یہ انظیر شهاکچ پر ایام بہ
1. احمد کوٹال
2. محمد دائم خان ورث
3. سید صدری احمد بہ انظیر شهاودنی
4. صدری احمد سلطانی
38. پہلے پچھلے کو حضور انسان زمانے کا کہا جاتا ہے  1. پارشاد
2. راہما
3. قالم
4. سالار

39. اس شاخ کو پہلے ووکر دوہری الہک کے خطابات سے نواز گیا ہے  1. خواجہ اطاف حسین خالی
2. شیخ ابراهیم ڈوکن
3. دوغ دوباری
4. گالب

40. فتح مویں ایک ذوق نے ان برگ کی شان میں قدمہ کیا ہے  1. حضرت بہرامووہ حسن
2. حضرت بہرام خان مصطفی خان
3. حضرت بہرام علی نقشبند حسن
4. حضرت بہرام مصطفی، بانی
41. ائتمان کریک کی جن اور ائتمان کریک کی جن

1. ہم
2. ملازم
3. مجلہ
4. مجلہ

42. زیادہ تر دانستی جو ممکنہ احکامات سے پہلا بار ہے، گورنر ہے

1. تقارف
2. عرف
3. علامت
4. کیان

43. جس نکل میں فصل، فصل اور ممکنہ پیچیدہ ہے، اسے کِبْنِگَائِن

1. فصل لازم
2. فصل ناٹس
3. فصل متعدی
4. فصل حال
ا. يلي تجربة بعض وقت مراجعة كاً:bض الأسئلة:

1. بـ قين
2. ادي
3. إن كأ
4. لم ع

ب. جامع القرآن الكريم بحر وسيلة، فظا وص، كامضبة:

1. كشَاء
2. صاف
3. تغل
4. لبأ

ك. بداء المهجر كـ كات زكر كك رواستور وش ئن:بات كرو

مندر جي البضمن استعمال كى عنص كلاتي ب:

1. صنعَتْ أضداد
2. صنعَت ميَاذ
3. صنعَتْ يبام
4. صنعَت بذِين
<table>
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<td>صنعت تفنین</td>
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<td>47. 2</td>
<td>صنعت مبایر</td>
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<tr>
<td>47. 3</td>
<td>صنعت تضحی</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>47. 4</td>
<td>صنعت مراعات النظیر</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48. 1</td>
<td>مخترع نادال</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48. 2</td>
<td>مخترع غسال</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48. 3</td>
<td>مخترع ودانال</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48. 4</td>
<td>مخترع عطوان</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49. 1</td>
<td>مثلث</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49. 2</td>
<td>مثلث</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49. 3</td>
<td>مثلث</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49. 4</td>
<td>مثلث</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
50. گو تے گورنکی سبہ جاں بتنے کے نئے جو گورنکیہ ہندی
1. خبر
2. نظر
3. نظر
4. جہاں

51. نمبرین عروض نے کل اورزان مترین کے بارے میں
1. بین
2. کیس
3. این
4. پھیلی

52. مخترین مترین کے بارے میں استعمال کی جانے والی علامت کہیں ہوئی
1. وقت
2. خطافصل
3. دویں
4. سکن
53. علم پانچ کی تین ہیں

1. دو
2. تین
3. چار
4. پانچ

54. دو نئے پیچھے دیکھ کر واسطے کم واران غافل کی نئے تین

1. تمام غافل
2. ایک غافل
3. قافی
4. تمام آپکی غافل

55. "ودے دو یا چوڑا طرف" اس لقب اصولی میں ہے

1. معلوم سے معلوم کے طرف
2. معلوم سے معلوم کے طرف
3. طالبطن طرف
4. صورتی طرف
1. قائل
2. کریست
3. معمار
4. غیر شوہ

57. خول کے لائقوں کی ٹیم کی تیاری
1. لوکس ے ستاف کرنا
2. عوام ے ستاف کرنا
3. مردوں ے ستاف کرنا
4. بم سے لوگوں ے ستاف کرنا

58. بیایک تقریب کے ذریعہ ہی کئے جانے مماثل کڑوا ہے
1. تقریم نظری
2. ابای
3. فری
4. خلیق
59. ایک تروف جین کے چلتے "دال" کهجاہی حاضرہ تے تروف، کہلامہ تین
1. شنی
2. قری
3. جرود
4. ساچہ

60. ایک ایناکیه بھی مختلف نسل، قومون، مختلف زبانوں کا جوہر تھا، نینزی تے کہ تھوہا پانی مسلسل ہوئے
1. مولوی عمر خشت
2. محمدرحمان آزاد
3. حافظ شیرانی
4. مولانا سید مانندی
61. The principal **looked into** the complaint.
   The meaning of the phrasal verb 'looked into' is:

   1. lodged carefully
   2. written carefully
   3. observed keenly
   4. sent carefully

62. Choose the sentence with an adverbial clause.

   1. Since 1991, he has been in London.
   2. We stayed indoors since it rained heavily.
   3. It has been raining since last Sunday.
   4. He is waiting for his friend.

63. No sooner …………. the door than somebody knocked again.
   Choose the group of words that fits the context.

   1. I had closed
   2. had I closed
   3. did I closed
   4. I closed
64. The people followed the principles that Mandela advocated.

The part of the sentence, "that Mandela advocated" is:

1. an adjectival clause
2. an adverbial clause
3. a conditional clause
4. an adverbial clause of reason

65. Choose the word that can be used as a verb and a noun.

1. thought
2. bought
3. fought
4. taught

66. Choose the word that gives the meaning of 'a number of people watching a match or something.'

1. mob
2. troupe
3. spectators
4. team

67. Choose the grammatically correct question.

1. How long the queue is?
2. How long is the queue?
3. How long is the queue!
4. How the queue is long?
68. Choose the expression with the correct order of adjectives.

1. a brown Indian handmade wooden table
2. a handmade wooden Indian brown table
3. a wooden handmade brown Indian table
4. a brown Indian table handmade wooden

69. She writes to me once in a blue moon.
The meaning of 'once in a blue moon' is:

1. never
2. frequently
3. very rarely
4. very often

70. While one of my friends .........., it began to rain.
Choose the correct tense form of the verb to complete the sentence given above.

1. was playing
2. were playing
3. have played
4. will be playing

71. 'A person who abstains from taking alcohol' is:

1. a teetotaler
2. a theist
3. a mercenary
4. an omnipresent
72. One of the following is a plural noun. Choose it.
1. fungus
2. syllabi
3. datum
4. crisis

73. The teacher shouted ........... the students. Choose the correct preposition to complete the sentence.
1. at
2. on
3. by
4. to

74. We discussed the new plan at length. In the above sentence, the expression 'at length' gives the meaning of:
1. fast
2. beyond the limits
3. in short
4. in detail

75. I am not acquainted .... this area. Choose the correct proposition to complete this sentence:
1. into
2. with
3. out
4. behind
76. Choose the sentence in the simple past tense.

1. She sings songs.
2. He cut the mango.
3. I want to meet you.
4. It rains here.

[77–79] — Read the following passage and choose the correct answers to the questions given after

Nationalism, of course, is a curious phenomenon which at a certain stage in a country's history gives life, growth and unity but, at the same time, it has a tendency to limit one, because one thinks of one's country as something different from the rest of world. One's perceptive changes and one is continuously thinking of one's own struggles and virtues and failing to the exclusion of other thoughts. Nationalism, when it becomes successful sometimes goes on spreading in an aggressive way and becomes a danger internationally. Culture, which is essentially good become not only static but aggressive and something that breeds conflict and hatred when looked at from a wrong point of view. We turn to economic theories because they have an undoubted importance. It is folly to talk of culture or even of god. When human beings starve and die. Before one can talk about anything else one must provide the normal essential of life to human beings.

77. Negative national feeling can make a nation:

1. selfish
2. self-centred
3. indifferent
4. dangerous
78. The greatest problem in the middle of the passage refers to the question:

1. how to mitigate hardship to human beings
2. how to contain the dangers of aggressive nationalism
3. how to share the economic burden equally
4. how to curb international hatred

79. Aggressive nationalism.

1. fosters international relations.
2. leads to stunted growth
3. endangers national unity
4. isolates a country

80. She said that she was busy.
   This sentence has:

1. a relative clause
2. a noun clause
3. an adverbial clause
4. an adverbial clause of reason

81. Ganesh, who is my friend, lives in Guntur.
   This sentence has:

1. a that clause
2. a defining relative clause
3. a non-defining relative clause
4. an adverbial clause
82. I saw a beautiful green leaf
The part of speech of the word 'green' is.

1. a preposition
2. a noun
3. an adverb
4. an adjective

83. Walking improves health:
In the above sentence, 'walking' is

1. a present participle
2. a past participle
3. a gerund
4. a helping verb

84. The antonym of 'massive' is:

1. huge
2. small
3. brave
4. timid

85. Choose the voiced consonant phoneme:

1. p
2. t
3. f
4. b
86. Choose the word that does not have stress.

1. obtain
2. would
3. delete
4. tutorial

87. A method is an overall plan for the orderly presentation of language material. Within one approach there can be

1. two methods
2. four methods
3. many methods
4. six methods

88. SQ3R method in teaching reading is

1. Select, Query, Respond, React and Renew
2. Survey, Question, Read, Recall and Review
3. Sing, Quick, Ring, Recite and Remedy
4. Search, Quit, Run, Reach and Repeat.

89. English phonemes, consonants and vowels are in the following order

1. 42, 21, 21
2. 40, 20, 20
3. 44, 24, 20
4. 43, 22, 21
90. Inductive method of teaching is to guide the students

1. from rules to examples
2. from examples to rules
3. both 1 and 2
4. none of the above
91. Samudra Gupta's famous inscription was known as
1. Allahabad Prashasti Inscription
2. Patna Prashasti Inscription
3. Gandhara Prashasti Inscription
4. Gujarat Prashasti Inscription

92. According to Dr. Roy Chaudary this war was a turning point in the life of Ashoka
1. War with selucus
2. Kalinga war
3. Shravasti war
4. War with Anga Mahajanapada
93. Marriage outside the unit was known as
1. Endogamy
2. Exogamy
3. Polygamy
4. Polyandry

94. Sidharth Gautama was born in the year
1. BC 561
2. BC 562
3. BC 563
4. BC 564
95. The false statement regarding globalization in India is
1. A number of new jobs were created
2. Technological services were expanded
3. The fruits of globalization are distributed equally
4. Some of the Indian companies emerged as multi-national companies

96. The theme of Rechel Carson's book silent spring is.
1. measures to be taken for high yielding.
2. Spraying DDT and its effect on birds and human beings
3. organic farming
4. restoration of ground water
97. This is not one of the problem that arises out of green revolution

1. Decline in ground water level.
2. Decline in fertility of soil.
3. Environmental issues.
4. Decrease in the area of cultivated land

98. The metal used in manufacturing of Aeroplanes, utensils and wires.

1. Steel
2. Copper
3. Zinc
4. Aluminum
India is a secular state because:
1. The Government recognizes the religions followed by the majority of the people.
2. The Government remains neutral in religions matters.
3. The Government is against the religions.
4. Voters are divided on the basis of religions.

Body mass Index is.
1. Weight of a person (in kg) \div \text{Height of a person (meters)}
2. Height of a person (meters) \div \text{Weight of a person (k.g)}
3. Weight of a person (kg) \div \text{Square of height of a person (meter)}
4. Height of a person (meter) \div \text{Square of weight of a person (kg)}
101. After the battle of Plassey
1. The English rule started in Bengal
2. Northern circars came under the control of English
3. The English developed rivalry with the French
4. The English gained tax exemption in India.

102. The concept of Sulh-E-Kul was proposed by
1. Jahangeer
2. Babar
3. Akbar
4. Humayun
103. The Tamil Periapuranam denotes.
1. the rural life of Mahajanapadas
2. the administration of Cholas
3. The life style of the Hunter – gatherers society
4. the teachings of Gautama Buddha

104. The oldest Veda is
1. Samaveda
2. Yajurveda
3. Atharvanaveda
4. Rigveda
105. The much publicized theory of “National self-determination Theory” was founded by.
1. Hayes
2. Snyder
3. Woodrow Wilson
4. Lord Bryce

106. “Equity” as a source of law – emphasized by
1. Professor Gilchrist
2. Henry Maine
3. John Erickson
4. John Solmand
107. Human rights as the new standards of civilization described by

1. John Dowski
2. John Locke
3. John Stuartmill
4. Jeremee Bentham

108. “Justice means a combination and co-ordination of political values”. Definition given by

1. Plato
2. Caphalous
3. Polymarchus
4. Barker
109. Income demand curve for inferior goods
1. Slope downwards from left to right
2. Slopes downwards from right to left
3. Slopes from East to West
4. Slopes from West to East

110. The elasticity of demand is said to be infinite in
1. Perfectly inelastic demand
2. Perfectly elastic demand
3. Unitary elastic demand
4. Relatively elastic demand
111. Suitable statement on observation of service sector for last 3 decades.
1. Immense increase in the share of GDP and also in the share of employment.
2. Immense decrease in the share of GDP and also in the share of employment.
3. Immense increase in the share of employment but not in the share of GDP.
4. Immense increase in the share of GDP but not in the share of employment.

112. Local winds that are blown in North Indian plains during summer season
1. Loo
2. Bora
3. Mistral
4. Chinook
The reforms introduced in Lybia in the process of development were:

A) Nationalisation of oil resources

B) Expansion of irrigation and area of cultivable land for settled life of wandering tribes

C) Suppressing the political rivals by using military powers.

1. A and B
2. B and C
3. A, B and C
4. A and C
114. This is not a concept in socialist system
1. Land and factories are in Government control
2. Efforts are on education for all, health and employment
generation
3. Achieving Economic Equality
4. Economy under the control of market forces.

115. This is indicates the lack of person towards road safety.
1. Alertness in railway level crossing.
2. Driving of vehicles with license after completion of 18 years
3. Travelling on foot board
4. Crossing the road at Zebra crossing
116. The powers of the Hon’ble Court to issue orders to the Government to protect the constitutional rights and supervise their implementation is called as
1. Suemoto
2. Writ
3. Habeas carpus
4. Mandamus

117. Identify the correct chronological order of the Indian freedom movement.
1. Vandemataram – Non-cooperation-civil disobedience-Quit India
2. Vandemataram – Civil disobedience – Non-cooperation – Quit India
4. Vandemataram – civil disobedience- Quit India –Non-cooperation.
118. The important mineral used in the preparation of stainless steel
1. Bauxite
2. Asbestos
3. Feldspar
4. Chrome

119. The mountain ranges between Asia and Europe
1. Alps
2. Ural
3. Pairinen
4. Scandinavian
120. The Italian traveller, who visited Kakatiya Kingdom

1. Megasthenes
2. Domingo Paes
3. Abdul Razak
4. Marco Polo

121. 'Megaliths' are

1. burial sites of ancestors
2. temples constructed by ancestors
3. conference halls of ancestors
4. habitations of ancestors
122. According to Gautham Buddha, the way to attain salvation is
1. Praying to God everyday
2. Performing rituals
3. Control over desires
4. Body is subjected to hardship

123. Arc method is also known as
1. Perfect demand elasticity method
2. Average demand elasticity method
3. Point demand elasticity method
4. Total expenditure method
124. “Produced means of production” is
   1. Land
   2. Labour
   3. Capital
   4. Enterprise

125. The Country that came forward with Marshall plan to renovate the economic conditions of Germany and Japan after second World War was.
   1. Britain
   2. France
   3. Russia
   4. America
126. Speciality of general elections in 1977 in India

1. Introduction of EVMs in National level.
2. The first defeat of congress party at National level.
3. NOTA is introduced in this election.
4. Indira Gandhi became P.M. for the first time.

127. The Industry flourished on the banks of River Hugley is

1. Sugar industry
2. Jute industry
3. Woolen industry
4. Cotton textile industry
128. It is not an activity in Service sector
   1. Transmission of Cable T.V
   2. Manufacturing of disposable plates and glasses
   3. Maintenance of Internet services
   4. Maintenance of Health infrastructure

129. The British Governor who agreed that "the British Government should act as a father in protecting the ryots was".
   1. Dalhousie
   2. Cornwallis
   3. Warren Hestings
   4. Thomas Munroe
130. As per the constitution of India, police belong to
1. Executive department
2. Judiciary department
3. Legislature department
4. Both judiciary and legislature departments

131. The member countries of UNO at present are
1. 189
2. 191
3. 193
4. 195
132. The last British Viceroy of India
1. Wavell
2. Mount Batten
3. Warn Hestings
4. Dalhousie

133. “Dogger Bank”, which is renowned for fishing industry is flourished close to .....
1. Mediterranean sea
2. Black sea
3. North sea
4. Caspean sea
134. This is not a river in Europe
1. River Danube
2. River Niper
3. River Zambezie
4. River Rhine

135. Forests growing in the areas of heavy rainfall and high temperatures
1. Ever green forests
2. Deciduous forests
3. Littoral (sea coast) and Swamp forest
4. Throny forest
136. World's largest reserves of Barytes are found in this district
1. Chittoor  
2. Kadapa  
3. Ananthapuram  
4. Kurnool

137. The path followed by Buddha to avoid the extremes of sensual pleasures and self mortification is
1. Karma Marga  
2. The middle path  
3. The path of Dharma  
4. The path of Satya
138. The capital of Andhra Satavahanas is
1. Vijayanagaram
2. Pataleeputram
3. Dhanyakatakam
4. Dwarasamudram
139. "The Future of the child, the Future of school, the Future of the community and the Future of the mankind at large depend on the teacher" stated by;

1. Sarvepalli Radha Krishnan
2. Jiddu Krishna Murthy
3. Zakir Hussain
4. Swami Vivekananda

140. 10 core elements which reveal “the unity of humanity can be achieved through curriculum” was proposed by

1. RTE Act 2009
2. APSCF 2010
3. NCF 2005
4. NPE 1986
141. One of the following principles is not taken into account in the construction of school curriculum.

1. Principle of utility
2. Principle of complex
3. Principle of balance
4. Principle of creativity

142. 'The school is the miniature of India' stated by

1. Dr. Kothari
2. Mahatma Gandhi
3. Dr. Sarvepalli Radha Krishnan
4. Lakashmana Swami Mudaliar
143. The approach in which teaching is done as per mental standards of the children by gradually increasing subject complexity.

1. Concentric approach
2. Fusion approach
3. Unit approach
4. Correlation approach

144. In constructive learning the role of teachers is

1. as a supervisory only
2. only as person who provides information
3. as collaborator, as facilitator
4. as an examiner and organiser
145. 'Fire station' is this type of valuable resource
1. Historical
2. Geographical
3. Government
4. Financial

146. This chapter and section of RTE Act 2009 tells that the performance of the students should be assessed continuously and comprehensively.
1. Chapter 6 section 30 (1)
2. Chapter 5 section 30 (2)
3. Chapter 7 section 35 (3)
4. Chapter 5 section 29 (2)
147. The sustainable development indicates.

1. Transforming culture and heritage to the next generation.
2. Works for the development of weaker sections.
3. Achieving development in all sectors
4. Increasing exports to other countries

148. One of the following is helpful to students in “Learning by doing”

1. Report writing
2. Project works
3. Anecdotal record
4. Assignment
The main objective of comprehensive evaluation is

1. To observe the development of the children in cognitive areas
2. To observe other curricular areas of the children
3. To observe development of children in physical, mental, moral and cognitive areas.
4. The question paper shall be prepared to test all the concepts of the lessons.
150. One of the following is considered as 'Inclusive' classroom.

1. Conduct of various teaching learning activities in the classroom
2. Teaching the concepts from known to unknown
3. Conduct class for quality education without considering the disparities like class, gender, regional, mental, physical etc.
4. Implementing integrated teaching learning strategies.