1. The appropriate method to study the behaviour of animals and mental patients.
   1. Introspection method
   2. Experimental method
   3. Longitudinal method
   4. Observation method

2. The Scientist who stated that the children are born with innate language abilities.
   1. Skinner
   2. Chomsky
   3. Bandura
   4. Watson
3. Not attending to the interview assuming that I will not get the job because thousands of people are attending to the interview for only very few jobs, defense mechanism adopted here is
   1. Withdrawal
   2. Regression
   3. Reversing motive
   4. Sublimation

4. A student is able to draw pictures efficiently without any training because of his
   1. Attitude
   2. Aptitude
   3. Interest
   4. Experience
5. According to Gardner the intelligence possessed by the sports men is.

1. Bodily kinaesthetic intelligence
2. Interpersonal intelligence
3. Naturalistic intelligence
4. Visual spacial intelligence

6. The painful emotional state created in a person as a result of contrasting desires.

1. Conflict
2. Stress
3. Frustration
4. Maladjustment
7. According to Erickson High School children face this psycho social critical situation.
   1. Industry vs Inferiority
   2. Initiative vs Guilt
   3. Role Identity vs Role Identity confusion
   4. Intimacy vs Isolation

8. According to Thorndike this part of the brain influences mechanical intelligence by controlling motor skills of a person.
   1. Diencephalon
   2. Fore Brain
   3. Hind Brain
   4. Mid Brain
9. In the stages of Human development this stage is called as 'Adjustment stage'
   1. Adulthood
   2. Middle age
   3. Adolescence
   4. Childhood

10. The child is habituated to drink milk through feeding bottle when offered milk in a tumbler instead of feeding bottle first he tries his old way of drinking i.e., sucking, afterwards he picks up the new way of drinking this cognitive process is called.
   1. Accommodation
   2. Assimilation
   3. Organization
   4. Equilibrium
11. Ramesh has to cross the river and go to neighbouring village to write exams. One day he is unable to attend the exam as the river is with floods. The obstacle faced by Ramesh is.

1. Social Environment obstacle
2. Physical obstacle
3. Physical Environment obstacle
4. Mental obstacle

12. The play in which children do not share their play things but imitate one another and continue their play is known as.

1. Solitary play
2. Parallel play
3. Social play
4. Symbolic play
13. Sumanth learnt to play cricket, now he wants to learn computer. The type of transfer of learning in this context is
   1. Positive transfer
   2. Negative transfer
   3. Zero transfer
   4. Bilateral transfer

14. Ganesh learnt a list of 25 meaningless words in 20 attempts. After one month, when he was asked to relearn the same list, he took 14 attempts to learn. Savings score of Ganesh is
   1. 30%
   2. 40%
   3. 60%
   4. 70%
15. Sumalatha doesn’t know Sanskrit, but she can recite Sanskrit slokas in Bhagavatgeetha without any mistake. The memory of Sumalatha is
1. Passive Memory
2. Rote Memory
3. Logical Memory
4. Sensory Memory

16. Direct, Indirect, alternative and self reinforcement were proposed by

1. Bandura
2. Skinner
3. Pavlov
4. Vygotsky
17. Author of the book "Animal Intelligence: Experimental Studies"

1. Thurstone
2. Skinner
3. Thorndike
4. Kohler

18. In Pavlov experiment, the dog salivated only for the sound of the bell for which it was conditioned, but not salivating to other sounds. This is because of

1. Stimulus generalization
2. Stimulus discrimination
3. Extinction
4. Higher order conditioning
19. Person used teaching machines

1. Pavlov
2. Thorndike
3. Pressey
4. Freud

20. Scaffolding means

1. Offering support
2. Prediction
3. Near
4. Making parts
21. One of the following is related to psychomotor domain

1. Imitation
2. Analysis
3. Responding
4. Valuing

22. The most appropriate meaning of learning is

1. Acquisition of skill
2. Modification of behaviour
3. Personal adjustment
4. Gathering information
23. In the order of teaching to mentally-retarded awarding points, money etc. is regarded as this type of reinforcement.

1. Social
2. Secondary
3. Primary
4. Natural

During Enquiry based learning, the student

1. Gives importance to product rather than process
2. Depends on teacher for knowledge
3. Uses inquiry for learning
4. Depends on bookish knowledge
25. The correct statement with regard to opinions of Piaget and Bruner on teaching process is.

1. Piaget opines that there is no relation between teaching and children maturity
2. Bruner opines maturity is most important for teaching.
3. Bruner opines that there is no relation between teaching and children maturity
4. There is no difference of opinion between Piaget and Bruner with regard to teaching and children maturity.
26. According to Bartlet, the leaders because of their specialized competencies in one subject, haven’t relationship with and having impact over them. These leaders are called.

1. Experts
2. Institutional leaders
3. Dominant leaders
4. Persuasive leaders

27. Right to expression belongs to under this category of child rights

1. Right to participate
2. Right to Survive
3. Protection Rights
4. Right to develop
28. As per CCE the teacher responsible to teach Art and culture education
1. Language Teacher
2. Mathematics Teacher
3. Physical Education Teacher
4. Science Teacher

29. The following is not the concept of NCF about Language
1. English should have a place on par with other Indian languages
2. Home language is not required
3. Preparation of subject wise dictionaries lessens the burden of students.
4. Language is a source for enriching the social life.
30. The right of Education is
1. related to Access only
2. related to Enrollment and Access only
3. related to Access, Enrollment, Quality and Equity
4. related to Access, Enrollment and Quality only.
31. پہلے مصرف کردن لفظ "فر"، استعمال کیا جا ایہ؟ جہود اصل نام ہے
   1. کا
   2. مرنگا
   3. نارا
   4. زمزم کا

32. دوسرا مصرف کردن لفظ "غیر کیا"، استعمال کیا جا ایہ؟ جس سے مراخذ
   1. قرآن میں
   2. نورات
   3. جن
   4. عرب کے بیان ویلی الکشف کی تحقیق
مندرجہ ذیل عمارت پہنچی، 33 اور 34 سوالات کے جواب دیتے۔

ادب نذری کا آمدہ تھا۔ جب نال اور افسانے نہیں بلکہ اس کا بہت سے دستیہ بھی مستقل شنیں تھیں۔ ادب کے دور میں پیدا ہوئے۔ اس دور میں اطلاعات کا ائام پر باہر ان کے لیے ضروری بودتے سن۔ حالاکہ یہ اخبارے اور اطلاعاتی انسائے سے مختلف ہوئے تھے۔ کیوں کہ اس کے خارج کا اطلاعات شوری نہیں تھی۔ اس کے نال ای威慑 کا اخبار کردہ سے لا شوری نہیں کیا تھا۔

33. نذری کا آمد کب ہوا تھا?
1. تاریخ
2. معاشرت
3. ادب
4. نال افسانہ

34. متعلقات کا ائام کی قدری کہا?
1. کمل طور پر
2. اخباری طور پر
3. ادب کی بھی شنیں
4. شوری نہیں
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>بند</th>
<th>جملہ</th>
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<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>خواجہ اطاف سمن حسن گل</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>سرمد اقبال</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>شخص ایم ڈن</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>اختیار انی</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>پہلی بیت کی نظر، چی دیکھ کو سلام، اک کا مسلسل، انشاء مہا ایک اختر کی دیواری، پر شعری ہے اس</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>بدل کے ذریعہ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>اسی کی بیٹی</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>مولانا شیخ قطبین</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>چہلم ملکری</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>علی سردار حضرتی</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>“مزدور کی بات کا”، تلمین کے شعرین</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>شخص ایم ڈن</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>بہوش فتح آدی</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>بہری کا دم على چہلم ملنری</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
38. ہاک گز کر کہے جائیں کہ پلی وطن تماہیں
    1. ھیلیج
    2. ہیلیج
    3. خانج
    4. ہیلیج

39. انہیں شاعری میں نہیں لانے کی وجہ وہ کریں کہ تینوں کے تینوں کریں وہاں کا شاعر
    1. غالب
    2. موالا نامی
    3. ممتاز
    4. اختر

40. پہلی 24 نومبر 1952 کو لاہور میں پہلی اکتوبر
    1. بہا بھا
    2. راجستان
    3. کراچی
    4. جہنرال
41.  دو نشانی (بہ) سے لمبی پچھن والے حروف مرکب حروف یافتا کر اور والے کلماتے دینے ان کے تعداد ہیں

12
14
13
10

42.  نیاد فرو کیا گذارا - دو سے کوئی چوپن چاپیائے گئے

1.  کاہل

2. استعجار

3. سمجح

4. مہمان

43.  اشپی، کے محسن میں

1. اومت

2. گیا

3. گلوگا

4. شیر
44. تحریر کردنی اور چاپ کردنی
کتابت
1
ضرح المثال
2
دکلیت
3
خادمی
4

45. تحریر کردنی اور چاپ کردنی

1
تحریر

2
کمتر

3
کرر

4
تحریک

46. بجوم کرک عفت اور موصوف سے ال کر سبتنی کو کپنیت

1
جردو ملت

2
کرک اضافت

3
مرکب توسینی

4
عفت توسینی
بيت کے ایک بارے تھے نظم کے دو حصوں میں
1. دو
2. تیم
3. چار
4. پانچ

gزول کے نقوی مضمون میں
1. لڑکیوں سے باطن کرنا
2. چودہ سے باطن کرنا
3. مردوں سے باطن کرنا
4. چودہ سے باطن کرنا

علم و عروض ایک مشترکہ فن سے نظم کی عناصر کے
1. اشعار کا دوران
2. روایت
3. قافية
4. اشعار کا مطلب
50. وکلر بھو فصل کی تصنیف، کتبیات،

1. فصل

2. متفق

3. متفق فصل

4. صفت

51. صحیح ہوئے تھا، ہوئے ہے - عوامی بھو کتابیت،

1. صفت تکمیل

2. صفت تبدیل

3. صفت متبادل

4. متبادل

52. حروف کے آواز انوار کی تحریری شکلوں کا، کتابیت،

1. حرف صرف

2. حرف تنوو

3. حرف تیبا

4. حروف علیہ
53. غیر جانداران کی کن تماشا کرتی ہے کیوں جنہوں نے
1. جنہوں نے غیر شخصیت کا کون سا کہا?
2. غیر شخصیت کا کون سا کہا?
3. جنہوں نے دکھا کیا?
4. جنہوں نے مونت کی?

54. کسی بھی پندرہ انسان کا کسی بھی انسان کا ابلازے ہے نہیں?
1. صنعت تحقیق
2. صنعت انتہا
3. صنعت سبزیجات
4. صنعت مراعات انتہا

55. قوت کویلی انسان کے لیے قدرت کا کبھی غیب نہ ہو سکتا ہے، تاکہ وہ صلاحیت اس دنیا میں سوچ سکے انسان کے لیے جاندار کا خاص شخصیت کی لئے انسان کہا ہے گُنگاہی ہے
1. جاندار جانور
2. نیا انٹل
3. تصدیق پائنا
4. غیر خلقی قتوں
56. "بِلِي سَوْفَلُ "، کُوْتِّ کَرْه وَلَا مَرَامِبِ یَا نَبِیّ
1. روَسَ
2. بِخَرِ سِیَتُ
3. نُؤَرِی
4. اَفَاطَوْنَ

57. یَا بِلِی کوُنَّ تَحْمُلُ مَن تَقَرِّبُ کَرْه کَسْتَتْ بِنَ
1. تَتَنِّ
2. دَوَ
3. چَار
4. طَیْبَ

58. عَلَم بِلَیانَ کَے اَبِرَّهَمَ تَرْکِیَتْ بِنَ
1. دَوَ
2. تَتَنِّ
3. چَار
4. طَیْبَ
59. اسے انظم کی پیلی سے جاری کیا ہوئے کیوں کی باہمی کے دروازے کو آہٹھا لیا ہے تھا؟

1. معرق انظم
2. آراوان انظم
3. پائند انظم
4. اعوری انظم

60. وزر، جناب، سکون اور تصدیق کے تحت

1. تحقیق
2. تبیین
3. اعراض
4. تفصیل
61. Hari made an **earth-shaking** decision.
The synonym of 'earth-shaking' is:
1. valuable
2. dangerous
3. important
4. small

62. I finished my dinner. Then my father came.
The above sentences can be combined as:
1. As my father came in, I finished my dinner
2. After my father came, I finished my dinner
3. I finished my dinner, so my father came in
4. My father came in after I had finished my dinner

63. This is a beautiful story, ………………….
Choose the correct question tag to complete this sentence

1. isn't this ?
2. isn't it ?
3. doesn't it ?
4. is this ?
64. The cow gives milk.
   The correct 'Yes / No' question of this sentence is:

   1. Is the cow gives milk?
   2. Does the cow gives milk?
   3. Does the cow give milk?
   4. Did the cow give milk?

65. Are you studying .......... for your exams?
   Choose the grammatically correct form of the word to complete the meaning of the above sentence.

   1. Very serious
   2. Serious
   3. Seriously
   4. Seriousness

66. The contracted form of 'will not' is:

   1. wouldn't
   2. will not ?
   3. won't ?
   4. ll'not ?

67. The verb form of 'pretension' is:

   1. pretend
   2. pretene
   3. preten
   4. pretend
68. If there ………. trees, there would be no life on earth

Choose the grammatically and meaningfully correct expression to fill in the blank.

1. not were
2. was not
3. were no
4. are no

69. Raman passed away on November 21, 1970.

The meaning of 'passed away' is:

1. death
2. killed
3. was killed
4. died

70. Choose the word that means 'the study of the cultures of the past'.

1. Archaeology
2. Physiology
3. Psychology
4. Geology

71. Choose the sentence that has a defining relative clause.

1. Hari, who is my friend, has won the prize.
2. Swathi, who is my daughter, has passed the exam.
3. Mohan who came from Guntur stood first.
4. She said that she was good at English.
72. 'A person who hates women' is:

1. misogynist 
2. fatalist 
3. monogamy 
4. ambiguous 

73. I do not have enough clothes for my journey.
This sentence expresses:

1. capacity 
2. inadequacy 
3. doubt 
4. possibility 

74. He goes to .......... school regularly.
Choose the article that fits the context

1. a 
2. an 
3. the 
4. No article is needed. 

75. Seeing the police, the thief ran away.
This sentence is:

1. a compound sentence 
2. a conditional sentence 
3. a simple sentence 
4. a complex sentence
76. Choose the word with wrong spelling.

1. precocious
2. moustache
3. straight
4. vulger

[77–79] – Read the following passage and choose the correct answers to the questions given after

Journalists argue over functions of a newspaper. I feel that a provincial paper's purpose is not only to present and project the news objectively and imaginatively, but to help its readers to express themselves more articulate their demands. A newspaper should reflect the community it serves warts and all. When the mirror is held to society it reveals neglect, injustice, ignorance or complacency. It should help to eradicate them. It would be pretentious to think that a newspaper can change the course of world affairs – but at the local limit, it can exert influence, it can probe, it can help get things done. The individual's voice must not be stifled. Instead, the reader should be encouraged to express their opinions, fears, hopes and their grievances on this platform.

77. The following is the purpose of a newspaper.

1. To present facts in a blunt way
2. To encourage the readers to be pretentious
3. To project news objectively and imaginatively
4. To exert influences on the individuals.
78. The readers can air their grievances:

1. by writing to their local newspaper
2. by writing to local officials
3. by supporting the local newspaper
4. by being complacent

79. Choose the false statement.

1. Newspaper should help its readers to express themselves.
2. Newspapers should reflect the community it serves.
3. Newspapers should not stifle the individual's voice.
4. Journalists never argue over the functions of a newspaper.

80. He is not good. He is not kind.
These two sentences can be combined as:

1. He is neither good nor kind.
2. He is not good but kind.
3. He is good and kind.
4. He is either good or kind.

81. Choose the sentence that expresses ability.

1. She can pass the examination.
2. She will pass the examination.
3. She may help you.
4. She should help you.
82. I had scarcely put the phone down …………… it rang again.
Choose the correct word to complete the meaning of the sentence above.

1. later  
2. than  
3. when  
4. then

83. Choose the word that can be used to write an adverbial clause of condition:

1. If  
2. As  
3. Since  
4. Because

84. Choose the correct spelling of the word.

1. rejuvenate  
2. riiivinate  
3. rijuvenate  
4. rejuvenate

85. 'Syllabification' means:

1. breaking a word into syllables  
2. combining two syllables into one  
3. removing vowel sounds from words  
4. adding a consonant to every syllable
86. Choose the word that has the stress on the first syllable.

1. debate
2. downstairs
3. vibrate
4. electrical

87. The two main types of evaluation are

1. syllabus and Curriculum
2. descriptive and objective
3. deductive and inductive
4. formative and summative

88. Reinforcement is a skill that involves

1. revision and recognition
2. recalling and reordering
3. recapitulation
4. repetition, summarizing, probing questions, clarification and illustration.
89. (CLT) Communicative Language Teaching believes that

1. Language learning happens best when the atmosphere is relaxed and learner receives encouragement
2. Language learning happens when the atmosphere is rule based
3. Language learning happens best when the teacher dominates the class while teaching.
4. Language learning happens when reading is given top priority.

90. The king who commissioned scholars to translate the English Bible and write it in modern English is

1. King Herod
2. King Moses
3. King Joseph
4. King James
91. History has been a discipline of study for the past

5. 100 years
6. 200 years
7. 300 years
8. 400 years

92. Father of History

5. Aristotle
6. Thucydides
7. Hegel
8. Herodotus
93. The earliest specimen of Harappan script was noticed in the year
1. 1851 A.D
2. 1852 A.D
3. 1853 A.D
4. 1854 A.D

مرجع رسم الافکورس سے پہلے سال شناخت گئی
1851 A.D 1
1852 A.D 2
1853 A.D 3
1854 A.D 4

94. The first popular king of Magadha
1. Ajathasathru
2. Udayan
3. Maha Padmananda
4. Bimbisara

گھر رسمی شاہ کیا سے پہلے مشہور کنی
1. اجاثاشتر
2. اعدیان
3. مہاپدمند
4. بمبیسرا
95. The city that is nearer to the equator in India is
1. Srinagar
2. Delhi
3. Banglore
4. Kanya Kumari

96. The limitation of per capita income to compare the development of different countries is
1. the calculation of per capita income is difficult
2. it does not reveal the disparities among the people
3. it is not useful for comparison
4. it can be valued only in dollars.
97. The country that is not a founder member of ‘NATO’
1. Iceland
2. Spain
3. Poland
4. Turkey

98. Identify the wrongly matched pair
1. Social Contract - Roussue
2. Two Treatises of Government – John Locke
3. The Spirit of Laws – Roger Bacon
99. One of the following is treated as a hurdle to democratic values
1. Active participation of the citizens is needed
2. The basic principles of political equality and inclusiveness should be followed
3. Elections should be conducted in a free and fair atmosphere
4. Voting of aged people is not compulsory

100. At the time of fire accident we should not ….
1. make a phone call to 101 and give the address details of fire accident
2. hide in a cupboard or under the bed
3. get out of the building as soon as possible.
4. switch off all the electrical appliances and turn off the main switch board.
101. An art which is associated with the origin of Veerashaiva movement in 12th and 13th centuries was
1. Kuchipudi
2. Oggu Katha
3. Tholu Bommalata
4. Burra Katha

102. The temperature in Delhi at 6.00 AM was -4°C. In the afternoon at 3.00 PM it is raised by 10°C. Then temperature at 3.00 PM was
1. 10°C
2. -6°C
3. 4°C
4. 6°C
103. Simla, Bengaluru, Bhopal, New Delhi.

The correct order of the given places from North to South is
1. New Delhi, Simla, Bengaluru, Bhopal
2. Simla, New Delhi, Bengaluru, Bhopal
3. Simla, New Delhi, Bhopal, Bengaluru
4. New Delhi, Simla, Bhopal, Bengaluru

104. River Volga drains into the
1. North Sea
2. Caspian Sea
3. Black Sea
4. Baltic Sea

105. The village headman (Patla) in Gonds acquires his post by
1. winning in election
2. hereditary
3. possessing more properties
4. the suggestion of the priest

106. The mightiest Mahajanapada was
1. Vajji
2. Avanti
3. Magadha
4. Matsya

107. “Political science begins with a state and ends with a state”. This definition was given by
1. R.G. Gettle
2. Stephen Leacock
3. John Richard Seely
4. J.W. Garner

108. World’s greatest ‘Political religion’ is
1. Communism
2. Capitalism
3. Dictatorship
4. Democracy

109. The Movement launched by Mahatma Gandhi after the failure of Cripps Mission.
1. Vandemataram movement
2. Non-Cooperation movement
3. Civil disobedience movement
4. Quit India movement

110. The Constitutional Article that gives provision for Presidential rule in a State is
1. 324
2. 356
3. 314
4. 321

111. When there is general inflation, the whole sale price index will
1. remains constant
2. fluctuates
3. raises rapidly
4. increases slowly

112. The formal credits given to the villagers are supervised by
1. NABARD
2. ICICI
3. FICCI
4. IDBI

113. The reason for Polder agriculture in Holland (The Dutch)
1. Lack of irrigation sources.
2. Scarcity of agricultural land
3. Less priority to agriculture
4. Incur less expenditure for Polder agriculture

The result of Rakkasi Tangadi war in 1565 A.D was the
1. establishment of Vijayanagara empire
2. establishment of Nizam empire
3. destruction of Vijayanagara city
4. expansion of Vijayanagara empire

Most of Ashoka’s inscriptions were in this language
1. Prakrit
Upa Sarpanch of Grampanchayat is elected by
1. All voters of Grampanchayat through direct election
2. Sarpanch and ward members will elect one of them as Upa Sarpanch
3. A gentleman of Grampanchayat will be nominated by the Sarpanch
4. The leader of the defeated party in panchayat elections will be appointed

Word ‘La Stato’ was used for the first time to denote “State” by
1. Machiavelli
2. Aristotle
3. Bluntschilli
4. Jean Bodin

118. The term “Nation” is derived from the Latin word Natio. Which means
1. country
2. state
3. relationship
4. birth

119. Indian subcontinent is the part of
1. Lauransia
2. Gondwana
3. Eurasia
4. Angara Land

120. National Food Security Act was made in the year
1. 2009
2. 2011
3. 2013
4. 2015

121. The crop that requires high temperature, high humidity, minimum 100 cm. of annual rainfall is
1. Paddy
2. Tea
3. Wheat
4. Corn

293

ول Frida 3، 3. Corn

293

100cm

ضروبرت بوقت 3

1. حاول
2. چاپ
3. کبوتن
4. کمی

122. Evergreen forests belong to this region..
1. Equatorial
2. Mediterranean
3. Moderate
4. Polar

123. A false statement regarding East India Association was…
1. founded by Dadabhai Naoroji
2. it was formed to address the issues of India
3. it was established in London
4. it was established in 1868

124. Lok Sabha is entitled with more powers than Rajya Sabha because
1. Lok Sabha is a permanent house
2. members of Lok Sabha are elected by people directly.
3. the leader of Lok Sabha is the Prime Minister.
4. Lok Sabha has more members.

125. Kakatiya rulers often transferred the Nayakas to new places, because
1. to get acquainted with all places of kingdom
2. to save them from public opposition.
3. to prevent them from declaring themselves as independent rulers.
4. to restrict the increase in their wages.

126. The first Law minister of Independent India was
1. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel
2. Jawaharlal Nehru
3. Prakasham Pantulu
4. Dr. B. R. Ambedkar.

127. Adam Smith’s definition to Economics
1. Wealth definition
2. Welfare definition
3. Household definition
4. Growth definition

128. The terms macro and micro economics were used for the first time by this Economist
1. Adam Smith
2. Paul A. Samuelson
3. Ragnar Frish
4. Prof. Marshall

129. The sector that offers largest employment opportunities in India is
1. Agriculture
2. Industries
3. Services
4. Information Technology

Countries in Socialist Camp are
1. Russia, East European Countries, China
2. China, America, Britain
3. Russia, China, India
4. Russia, China, Japan

Banks do not pay interest on this deposit accounts
1. Current account
2. Savings bank account
3. Fixed deposit account
4. Recurring deposit account

132. Identify the mismatched pair
1. Jyothiba phule – Satya shodhak Samaj
2. Pandit Ramabai Saraswathi – Sarada Sadan
3. Dayananda Saraswathi – Arya Samaj
4. Nizam Alikhan – Muhamadan Anglo Oriental College

133. 180° East/West longitude is
1. Greenwich Line
2. Indian Standard Meridian
134. In the Empire of Ashoka the people who were appointed as officials to solve the conflict, issues and legal problems were

1. Mahamatras
2. Dhamma Mahamatras
3. Legal Mahamatras
4. Dharma officials

135. The concept of utility was introduced for the first time by

1. Benham
2. Jevans
3. Boulding
4. Robbins

Law of Equi-Marginal Utility is also called as
1. Gossen’s first law
2. Gossen’s Second law
3. Gossen’s Third law
4. Gossen’s Fourth law

The country that is known as the “Land of midnight Sun”
1. Canada
2. Indonesia
3. Japan
4. Norway

The day on which the sunrays fall vertically on equator is

1. 21st June
2. 22nd March
3. 23rd September
4. 22nd December

Social methods Paper – II – SET-1
139. Which of the following are considered as broader perspectives and guiding principles to the entire Education System.

1. Objectives
2. Aims
3. Specification
4. Skills

140. Identify the correct statement that relates to "nature of curriculum"

1. Prepared according to classroom
2. Prepared by supervisors and teachers as an authentic guide.
3. Elaborative, related to the entire academic activities of school
4. Developed on local specific issues

141. Formation of National, State advisory committee for protection of child rights, supervision and grievances is explained in this chapter of RTE Act -2009.

1. Chapter 4
2. Chapter 5
3. Chapter 7
4. Chapter 6

The areas that support the study of social science as “integrated and comprehensive” in nature are.

1. A comprehensive discussion on Geographical conditions, History, Administration and economical issues.
2. Discussion on political parties, institutions, Elections and administration of the Government.
4. Study the changes in the society through critical and analytical approaches.

143. While teaching the unit on ancient civilization its Historical, Political, Geographical and Literary concepts are discussed. This type of approach is.
1. Correlation approach
2. Unit approach
3. Integration approach
4. Chronological approach

The teaching method based on the principle "Learn to live but not live to learn".

1. Problem solving method
2. Project method
3. Discussion method
4. Supervisory study method

144. The main objective of Social Science laboratory is

1. Providing a laboratory for social science also
2. To present the social science material in a room carefully
3. Utilization of school grants
4. To make the students understand the Social Science concepts easily.

One of the following is related to 'tripolar' education.
1. Student, teacher and textbook
2. Student teacher and school
3. Student, teacher and inviting society into school
4. Student, teacher and Headmaster

The main use of reference books
1. To expose an issue in different dimensions
2. To preserve in school library
3. To inculcate book collection habit among children
4. To conduct summative assessment

The Comprehensive Evaluation means

1. Assessment of curricular and co-curricular activities
2. Recording marks scored by students
3. Observing the knowledge and skills of students

149. Conduct of "Swatcha Bharath" and Women Empowerment activities in schools are related to

1. Bringing society into school
2. To get recognition to teachers and Headmasters
3. To collect donations from parents
4. To provide infrastructure facilities to the school

Children can obtain "Right to live" through:
1. Balanced diet
2. Living with parents
3. Getting free and quality education
4. Protection from child abuse

Education and learning environment development, and ensuring a healthy lifestyle.